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"Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN.

Terms: \$2.00 per annum.

VOL. XII.

BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1880.

NO. 35.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Editor.

Terms, \$2.00 per annum in Advance

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HENRY GREEN,
OF Northampton.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
JOHN A. LEMON,
OF Blair.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

We would like to engrave a prophecy on stone to be read of generations in the future. THE NEGRO IN THESE STATES WILL BE SLAVE AGAIN OR CEASE TO BE. His sole refuge from extinction will be in slavery to the white man.—From the *Meridian* (Miss.) *Mercury*.

THE wandering Weaver wants it understood that the Greenbackers "constitute a well defined party." No fusion for him in Maine or elsewhere.

THE National debt is disappearing at the rate of one hundred millions a year. During the good old days of Democratic rule the habit was to double it every administration.

ENGLISH is said to be working tremendously to carry Indiana in October. He has been heard to mutter:—"If I could only force the darn thing to a sheriff's sale I'd manage it easy enough!"

At a Democratic convention in Mississippi, an orator who was eulogizing General Hancock, was interrupted by a delegate with the suggestion: "Suppose you give us a little less Hancock and more Robert E. Lee."

Beyond a certain limit, says an Alpine traveler, form, rather than mass, determines the grandeur of the mountains.—*New York Herald*. Alexander Stephens cut this out and sent it to David Davis, with the request that it might be inserted in the lining of Mr. Davis' hat.—*Puck*.

GEN. GARFIELD and the Republican party are pledged in favor of a Protective Tariff, which means work for the laboring men of this country. Gen. Hancock and the Democratic party are for a "Tariff for revenue only," which means free trade and work for the pauper-paid labor of Europe. Which do you prefer? Garfield and our home workmen; Hancock and foreign laborers.

WILLIAMSPORT is oftener a Democratic than a Republican city, and since its incorporation has elected more Democratic mayors than Republican. In 1876, in a total vote of about 3,000 it gave President Hayes a majority of only 87, and two years ago Butler, Republican, for State treasurer, beat Barr, Democrat, only 215. Thursday Williamsport held an election for recorder, and the Republican candidate received a majority of 571. This is the most substantial straw of the whole year, and it indicates a Republican hurricane in Pennsylvania next November.

UNPRECEDENTED IMMIGRATION.—The arrivals of immigrants at Castle Garden for the month of August numbered 25,300. This aggregate exceeds by 4,000 the figures for the same month in any year for a quarter of a century. The figures for this month will be also, it is thought, unprecedentedly heavy, especially in the matter of immigration from the German ports, no less than eight Hamburg steamers being due during September, all with large steerage lists. The arrivals Thursday numbered 1,248 by three steamers, the Herder, from Bremen, with 730; the Canada, from Havre, with 316, and the State of Indiana, from Glasgow, with 202.

Ex-Gov. Curtin's Speech, and the Pension Bill.

The *Democratic Watchman* of the 3d instant, in its account of the Democratic meeting held in the Court House on Saturday evening, the 28th ult., says: "Gov. Curtin also told his hearers that the Southern brigadiers in Congress had all voted for the bills to increase and enlarge the pension list, and for the payment of back pensions, all of which is true." We did not hear this part of the Governor's speech, but if he did say so, it is not true in fact. The Congressional records show that House resolution, 4,234, in relation to increase, and arrears of pensions, was introduced by Hon. J. B. Cummings of Iowa, a stalwart Republican, in the House, April 2, 1878, and while it was pending a large number of petitions from soldiers and instructions from six State Legislatures in favor of the resolution were received. The bill was put on its passage in the House, June 19, 1878, by Hon. Dudley C. Haskell, a stalwart Republican of Kansas. On the Republican side of the House there were 116 yeas and not a single nay. On the Democratic side there were 48 yeas and 61 nays, and of the 48 yeas, 44 were from the Northern States, and but 4 from the Southern States. The 61 nays were chiefly cast by the "Southern brigadiers." The same bill was put on its passage in the Senate by Senator Ingalls of Kansas, a stalwart Republican, Jan. 17, 1879. On the Republican side there were 26 yeas and no nays. On the Democratic side there were 18 yeas and 4 nays. There were 28 absent, or not voting. So the bill was passed by Republican votes. And while in the House, the "Southern brigadiers," instead of voting for it (as the *Watchman* says Curtin says they did) voted against the bill, and in the Senate they dodged it, while the Republican Senators and Representatives voted for it to a man. Yet the Democrats, and our ex-War Governors, who have become Democrats, undertake to capture the votes of Union soldiers by trying to impose upon them the ridiculous story that they are indebted to the Democratic party, and especially the "Southern brigadiers," for their pensions. They would be more truthful and honorable if they would take pains to show to what extent the Democratic party, and especially the "Southern brigadiers," necessitated the granting of pensions to crippled and maimed Union soldiers and to the widows and orphans of Union soldiers, who died at the hands of "Southern brigadiers" and Democrats.

We advise the eminent Democratic speaker hereafter to consult the record himself before he becomes so enthusiastic in his admiration of "Southern brigadiers," and commends their action to Union soldiers as a reason why they should vote with them.

THE DEMOCRATS OF NEW JERSEY ATTEMPT TO STRADDLE.—The resolutions of these New Jersey Democrats are quite as confusing as their ballots. In one breath they resolved that "the platform adopted by the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati meets our hearty approval," including its declaration in favor of "a tariff for revenue only," and also that "the Democratic party in this State is in favor of such a tariff as shall best protect our home industries." Such a heroic inconsistency is well adapted to inspire great confidence in the success of their canvass, for no national men surely would have been guilty of it unless they felt strong enough to defy even common sense. It eclipses General Butler's speech at Worcester in favor of incorporating the annexation of St. Domingo, Cuba, Porto Rico and Jamaica into the Democratic platform with or without the consent of Spain and Great Britain.

THE Widow Butler, Bachelor Tilden, and the rag baby should be housekeeping. Senator Wallace would probably present a few coffee-pots to help furnish.

Maine Elections—Rebel Pensions, &c.

The Maine campaign is drawing to a close. The talk of among Republicans there is not of the result but of the majority. In the very attitude of the leaders one can see that the dawn of a brilliant victory has broken upon them. They are not nervous and anxious as they were at this stage of the canvass last year. Another significant fact is that the fusion leaders show signs of confusion and despair. Fusion in politics is never thorough, all history proves this, and there are many loyal Greenback-Republicans who have drawn out from this contest because the fusion is a surrender to the Democrats, who, if victorious, would claim it as a Hancock victory, which would help the Democratic fight in the country. Though Vermont votes before Maine, the latter is the first State of real significance in the canvass. Mr. Blaine is working like a Trojan. He is continually on the stump, and is at the same time doing the hard vigilant committee work of the canvass. The Maine fight has been a hard one, but the victory will more than repay the party for its labor there.

Doubts have been expressed by some Northern men of the truth of the statement that a confederate soldier had applied for pay for his services in the war. A gentleman writes to us from Washington that he has seen the application and read it through. The claim is made by Robert Hanna, who sets forth that he enlisted August 1st, 1861, in Company G, 15th South Carolina Regiment, Confederate State of America, and claims bounty under the acts of July 22d, 1861, and July 28th, 1866. He says he was discharged for wounds received, and has applied to the Pension office for a pension. The application is *bona fide*, made through a regular claim agent, is signed by the soldier, and all the papers substantiated by the proper courts of South Carolina. Any one doubting the statement can see the paper by applying to the Pension office, and the office of the second Auditor.

Colonel Platt of the Washington Capitol is one of the most shrewd politicians in the country. In an issue of his paper before the Democratic Convention met, he said "the Democracy will have to accomplish almost an impossibility at Cincinnati in acting wisely to save themselves even a decent majority." In his issue of Sunday last, he calls Hancock "that spauled nonentity." Of course he does not believe they did act wise enough to save even a decent majority. Colonel Platt is a hater of the Republican party, but is honest enough to be candid about General Garfield, of whom he says, "he holds the honored position of being the only poor man among political leaders." He knows that all the slander about General Garfield is without a shadow of truth, and although he does not want to see him elected, he testifies to General Garfield's great worth as a man.

ARKANSAS has repudiated her debt to the extent of \$5,544,773. Georgia has repudiated over \$8,000,000 of her State debt. Mississippi has repudiated over \$7,000,000 of her State debt. But North Carolina is worse still, having repudiated no less than \$26,507,288 of her debt. These States are all solidly Democratic. They all voted for Tilden. They all elect Democratic governors and legislatures. They are all for Hancock. They send solid Democratic delegations to Washington. They are all in favor of "rebel claims." They are anxious to control the national government and shape its legislation to suit themselves.

INSTEAD of denouncing him as "Beast Butler," the *Pittsburg Post* now puts him on the back and taffies him with the title, "Bold Ben!"

THE Republican boom keeps increasing throughout the land and promises to be the greatest known since the days of 1868.

WADE HAMPTON'S SPEECH.

The Report of it Correct—Indignant Southern Democrats.

A special correspondent sent to Virginia by the *New York Tribune* to investigate the facts in regard to Wade Hampton's speech at Staunton, writes that Mr. Yost and prominent Democrats of that city who heard the speech testify that the language of Mr. Hampton was correctly reported in the *Valley Virginian*. The Democrats have been surprised and disgusted by the denial of the language used, printed in the *Washington Post*, because they were themselves in accord with the sentiments expressed, and did not see why a denial should be made. Wade Hampton has written to Mr. Yost, editor of the *Valley Virginian*, saying that he does not recollect using the words ascribed to him, and protesting, at any rate, that the construction placed upon them is incorrect. He says he never sent the alleged denial to the *Washington Post*.

THE FACTS IN DETAIL.

The correspondent thus writes from Staunton: The attempt of Northern Democratic journals to discredit the report, copied into the *Tribune*, of General Wade Hampton's speech delivered in this city on July 26, has caused no little indignation among the Democrats of this place. The course, too, that General Hampton has pursued in this matter has not enhanced his reputation here for honorable dealing, while it has disgusted his followers who "fought with Lee and Jackson." Southern Democrats saw nothing in the speech to be ashamed of, and they cannot sympathize with their Northern brethren, who, though hundreds of miles away at the time the speech was delivered, take so much pains to deny the accuracy of a report that has never been questioned by the hundreds of Democrats here who heard the speech.

It, for instance, probably, never occurred to the editor of the *Vindicator*, the old and leading Democratic newspaper here, to suppress any part of the speech, and, therefore, his report of the objectionable language used by Hampton was even stronger than that published by the *Valley Virginian*, the newspaper from which the *Tribune* report was copied. The *Spectator*, the other Democratic newspaper here, did not procure any report of the speech for publication, owing to a mishap to its reporter; but it is safe to assume that it would be about the last paper to suppress what Wade Hampton said about "fighting for the principles for which Lee and Jackson fought."

NOT ASHAMED OF THEIR PRINCIPLES.

The Democrats here glory in the fact that they fought with Lee and Jackson, and they are not ashamed to maintain that the same principles for which those leaders died "are again on trial to-day." The leaders of the party here now see that Hampton disclosed too much when he made this remark publicly, and they are trying to explain it away; but the first Democrat is yet to be heard of in this community who will deny that Wade Hampton made the remark quoted.

"I am thoroughly disgusted with this whole thing," remarked a leading Democrat upon hearing read the alleged letter from Wade Hampton, in which he says that he "not only did not use the language ascribed to him," but that he did not say anything approaching it in meaning. Mr. Hampton closes his letter by saying that he "felt perplexed and almost discouraged."

"Well, if he ever wrote that letter I should think he would feel perplexed," added the Democrat; "but I don't believe he ever wrote it, and I shall write to him at the Badger Springs to-night to find out."

This is the impression shared by all Democrats here, who believe the alleged denial from Hampton to be the clever forgery of some northern Democratic editor—a class for which the southern Democrats maintain no great respect.

STRONG DEMOCRATIC TESTIMONY.

The *World*, *Baltimore Gazette*, *Washington Post*, and other northern Democratic newspapers, having accused the *Valley Virginian* of printing a false report of the speech in question, the latter will meet the charge this week by the publication of the following remarkable document:

"We, the undersigned, heard the speech General Wade Hampton delivered in Staunton on the 26th of July. We have also read the report thereof published in the *Valley Virginian* on the 29th of July, and hereby certify that that report was substantially correct."

ARCHIBALD G. STUART,
H. C. TINSLEY,
A. C. GORDON,
HUGH F. LYLE.

In order to understand the strength of this document northern readers must remember that the signers are all gentlemen foremost in the Democratic party in this city, and who were present on the platform with Wade Hampton.

WHO THEY ARE.

Mr. Stuart is the son of Hon. A. H. Stuart, who was secretary of the interior under President Fillmore, and who is a member of the Peabody board of trustees and rector of the University of Virginia. He is a leading lawyer of this city, is engaged in making campaign speeches for Hancock and English, and is the person officially designated by the Hancock and English club of this city to take charge of the Democratic canvass in the First ward.

Mr. Tinsley is editor of the *Vindicator*, the leading Democratic paper in the Shenandoah valley, and is a well known Democrat.

Mr. Gordon is a lawyer of this city, a member of one of the old Virginia families, a leading Democratic speaker here, and the appointee of the party to take charge of its canvass in the Second ward.

Mr. Lyle, who represents the business element of the community, is a prominent manufacturer, a leading business man and a well known Democrat.

These men all willingly signed the above document, and hundreds of other Democrats could be got, were it necessary, to make a similar attestation; and perhaps it is no wonder that these men should feel disgusted at Wade Hampton's denial of having used such language or anything approaching it in meaning.

Why Irishmen Should not be Democrats.

To the Editor of the *New York Times*:

In parts of this country at the present time the belief has become general that every Irishman who becomes a citizen is *ipso facto* a Democrat. Nothing is more ridiculously absurd, or further away from the truth. Why should they of choice join that party? What did it ever do for them that they should pin their destiny to it? The following facts will show how unreasonably inconsistent this idiotic charge is:

It is a fact not denied by the Democrats that they sympathized with the cause of the South during the rebellion. It is also too well known that the English—the accursed enemies of the Irish race—not only sympathized with the same unholy cause, but supplied the rebels with ships, arms, ammunition, and money to destroy the country in which the Irish found a home and protection from the tyranny and persecution waged against them by these same English people for 700 years. Is it, therefore, reasonable or feasible that the Irish are so dead to every feeling of revenge, or so blind to their own interests, that they will fetter themselves to the party which, but a short time ago, acted in collusion with the would be exterminators of their race to assassinate young Columbia and supply her place with a bloated, soulless aristocracy, who would subject them to the same system of oppression here they endured in their native land? I don't think it is, nor do I believe that any man outside of a lunatic asylum will say it is, either.

But apart from this there are other reasons why Irishmen should not belong to that party. During all the time the Democrats were in power in this country, not a single Irishman by birth or descent was appointed by them to the head of a department in the Nation. And though Gen. Jackson rescued the country from the clutches of the English, yet, notwithstanding, his election to the Presidency was not so much owing to Democratic gratitude for what he accomplished as to Mr. Adams' unpopularity at that time. But why go back so far? At the present time in the State of New York, when over 37 per cent. of the voting population is either Irish by descent or birth, and when the Democratic party minus the Irish vote cannot elect a ward constable, the Irish are ignored, forgotten, left out in the cold. Not a single representative of their nationality has ever been nominated for a State office save one, and then the rotten, corrupt traitors scratched his ticket 60,000. Horace Greely, in Kings County, the stronghold of Democracy, ran ahead of his ticket, while Francis Kernan, the Irish-American, the life-long Democrat, the genius and respectability of the party, nationality, no matter if he came from Tin-buctoo or Kalamazoo, may be elected Mayor of New

York or Brooklyn, but no Irishman; yet, no candidate can be elected without the Irish vote.

The foregoing is a specimen of Democratic gratitude and the way they have of proving their esteem and kindness for their Irish fellow-citizens in New York. From these facts it is evident that no Irishman with a spark of honor or patriotism in his heart should belong to the Democratic party, because it colluded with their enemies in time of national danger, and though prejudice and bigotry kept them without representation in the higher offices of the State and of the cities therein. But no doubt some Democratic babe who has been sticking to the public teat with the tenacity of a leech for the last 20 years, and who wishes to keep gorging for 20 more, will say: "Well, what did the Republicans ever do for them?" This question I will answer, by stating that all that has ever been done for the aggrandizement of the Irish race in this country has been done by the Republican party. There is not an office under the Federal Government to-day in which you will not find a representative of the Irish race holding a position; and in the State of New York the highest offices to which they could be elected or appointed were also given them by the Republican party. Was not Thomas F. Meagher made Governor of the State of Montana? Philip H. Sheridan made Lieutenant-General of the United States Army? Thomas Murphy and Chester A. Arthur made Collectors of the Port of New York? James Kelly and Patrick H. Jones appointed Postmasters of the City of New York? James McLeer appointed to the same position in the city of Brooklyn? Richard Crowley appointed United States District Attorney of Northern New York? Jos. B. Carr elected Secretary of the State of New York? and 100 others not necessary to mention? From this it is evident that the Republicans and not the Democrats have been the friends of the Irish people, and that any person who thinks that all Irishmen should be Democrats is either an enemy of the race or affected with hallucination of the mind.

JAMES O'DONNELL.

More Wife than Country.

The other night, soon after a ward meeting had opened, one of the electors present began edging for the door as if he meant to leave the place. He was soon stopped by a friend, who said:

"Don't leave us now, I want you to hear what that speaker is saying. Hear that! He says we must triumph or the country is doomed."

"Yes, I know, but I've got to edge along toward home," was the reply.

"Home? Great heavens! How can you talk of going home until he has finished that speech? There he goes again! He asks if you want to see grass growing in the streets of our cities—our fertile farms returned to the wilderness—our families crowding the poor-houses until there is no longer room to receive another?"

"No, I don't know as I would, but I sort o' work my way out."

"Wait fifteen minutes—ten—five—wait until he finishes. There it is again! He asks whether you are a free man or a slave? He wants to know if you have forgotten the patriotic principles defended by the blood of your grandfathers—if you have forgotten the sound of liberty bell?"

"I don't know as I have, but I must go—really I must."

"Hear that!—hear that! He says your country will bless you."

"I can't say as to that," replied the man, as he crowded along; "but I'm dead sure that the old woman will if I don't git home in time to put this codfish to soak for breakfast."

"Great guns! but do you prefer codfish to liberty?" exclaimed the other.

"I don't know as I do, but I git more of it."

"And you will see this country ruined—see her go to destruction?"

"I'd be kinder sorry to see her go down hill," slowly observed the delinquent, as he reached the door, "but if you had a wife who could begin jawing at ten o'clock and not lose a minute until daylight, and then end up with a grand smash of crockery and a fit of hysterics, you'd kinder stand off as I do and let this glorious old Republic squeeze through some mighty fine knot holes."—*Detroit Free Press*.

He went to the back door and there saw his garden, the pride of his waking hours and the subject of his dreams, looking like and editor's office. He sat down on the doorstep and said: "Of all sad words of tongue or pen, the saddest are these, 'I keep a hen.'"

Poetry.

Freedom's Dower—Hail to Garfield.

"It's not ancestral blood but Freedom says,
"we'll educate."
So the child of humble birth is made co-equal
with the great."

By BESSIE BERTH. Tune—Watch on the Rhine.

- 1 It is not glory birth begets,
In royal power or titled name,
Or lineage proud in landed rank,
That lifts Ohio's son to fame.
It is not great ancestral gifts,
It is not names of sovereign sires—
Not all these combined could make
A statesman by her humble fires.
- 2 There is a dower for rich and poor
Won by our sires at Bunker Hill,
A loyal legacy and trust,
The humblest may aspire to fill.
Each state where waves our starry flag
May clasp in true fraternal folds
Her sons of toil, her free-born sires,
And with them all that Freedom holds.
- 3 Hail we to one whose humble way
By his own will was guided with light,
By whose brave toll, and words and deeds,
He came to be our Nation's right,
Solemnly bearing with toll-worn hands
He carved his way—he wrote his name,
The feeblest instrument of fate,
He turned to Freedom's noblest fame.
- 4 Hail we to Garfield, chieftain hail!
True, temperate patriot proudly now,
Thy aged mother greets her son,
And kisses tenderly thy brow,
Hail with thy lineage, Liberty!
Hail, for the nation owns thy worth;
Rank, fame, possession's arduous trust,
Have broad significance as earth.
- 5 Hail! let Ohio's famous flag
Star after star, set on thy brow,
Each one a jewel trust thee,
Worn sacredly henceforth as now,
Hail, let the Nation's pulses thrill
Her royal heart responsive beat—
When Union boys fall into line,
They conquer but they never retreat!
- 6 Hail, noble statesman, in whose heart
The creed of right has been enshrined,
And Liberty a constant part,
As high and broad as all mankind!
Each loyal heart a shrine can make,
And honestly write Garfield's name,
Not as a monarch's, but a man,
Who's worthy of the brightest fame!

Our Story Teller.

An Hour in the Park.

BY A PROWLER.

It is early morning as the prowler enters Washington Square, at Seventh and Walnut streets. The day is a most charming one, the rays of the rising sun being tempered by cooling zephyrs from the north.

The little sparrows hop about actively in search of a breakfast, picking up crumbs here and there dropped by children on the walks the evening before. It must be pleasant to be a bird. There are several little children out with their nurses, too, the innocent little things—the children—resting in their carriages and gazing in big-eyed wonder at the great world, and thinking—of what? or do they think? I wish I knew.

I love children—other people's children, for they don't annoy a person, and because there is something so innocently and sublimely pure in their affection. They know nothing of deceit now. But this blessed ignorance won't last long, for the male infant grows up into the aggravating small boy, who begins his downward career by hooking jam, snatching doughnuts from his younger brother, going around with his hair hanging out through holes in the crown of his hat, made by using it as a target in the air to fire stones at; with his pants fractured at the knees from dragging along the pavement in "fudging" at quarrels, for all of which dilapidation he accounts by solemnly declaring that Eddie Morgan, who is three years older than he, met and thrashed him because he wouldn't trade his Sunday school primer for a kite string; or he elopes from school and riots in the luxury of digging fish-bait and selling it the lone fisherman, who rewards him by allowing him to hold the pole while he, the fisherman, loads his pipe. And the female infant will grow up to chew gum, use mild slang, delude the festive beau who has lived on one meal a day to save money to take her to play and devour caramels with her, only to be told in the end that she dropped them would part as friends—that she would always be a sister to him. But all the same he don't rise superior to the emergency, for while he ostensibly regards her only as a friend, he has the most utter contempt for that hair-brained Foddis who has usurped his place in her affections. He is unable to see what there is in Foddis to attract anybody, and he consoles himself finally in the impression that she is flitting merely to make him jealous, when he gets on his dignity and asserts his manhood by declaring that no woman can play with him in that way. And that's the way it ends; and I arrive at the conclusion: Life, average life, is hypocrisy from the inception of reason until heart and brain retire from the business. Poor bankrupt mortality, carrying its burden of liabilities before the Great Creditor!

But enough of this. The prowler came here to see what he could see, and to do his reflecting afterward, and depositing himself on an alleged seat, an object provided at the city's expense, and which should be condemned as a nuisance, the prowler watched for characters. He wanted to see who frequent the parks and what goes on therein. Presently a venerable man approached, and seeing the prowler's only occupation was idleness, stopped in front of him and spoke.

"There appears to be thinking deeply," said the old gentleman in a quaking voice. "Pardon an old man for his inquisitiveness, but are thy thoughts good ones?"

"This is an antiquated crank," I said to myself, "and while it is none

of his business what my thoughts are, I will humor him and see what he will disclose," and with this idea I said to him:

"I am merely indulging in a retrospect—arraigning the past, so to speak, for some deeds done and others left undone."

"Vain regret," rejoined the old man of years; vain regret, friend. Dost thou regret the past? Would thee again suffer trial and tribulation? or dost thou imagine, were thou able to begin again at the cradle, life would be a bed of roses, and that thee could avoid the thorns? No, dear young friend," he continued, in a kindly tone, "it could not be so, even if thee were able to recall childhood's happy days and tread the path again. Let the present occupy thy attention. Here, in this very place, thee can learn a lesson that will be of benefit. Notice the throng surging through the gates. Look at the faces as they hurry along. Hither comes a profligate blackguard, with sensuality stamped in plain characters upon his forehead. See the drawn down eyelid, the sensual mouth and chin, and look at the evil leer of his eyes as he looks on maiden innocence with lustful gaze. Following him—there, beside him now—is a poor sewing woman, her fingers sore and bleeding from plying the needle for a miserable pittance. And look! See the plain circle of gold around her toil-worn finger. Twenty years ago perhaps she was a happy bride, looking forward to a happy wedded life and an honorable old age."

So interested had the Prowler become in listening to the graphic possibilities portrayed by the old man, that he involuntarily arose from his seat, and walking slowly up the broad path, listened with unconcealed interest to these vivid portrayals of human nature.

Approaching the eastern end of the square, at a slow pace, was a tottering man, creeping along with the aid of a cane. He was handsomely, even expensively, dressed, tall and broad shouldered. A face prematurely old, with lines of dissipation strongly marked upon it, was partially concealed beneath a slouch hat, worn with a jaunty air, ill becoming his broken-down appearance.

"Dost thou see that man?" queried the Prowler's companion, as he hobbled painfully along. "There is a living example of that cursed but true saying, 'Wine and women will send a man to hell.' I know him—aye, I knew his father before him. But forty years have passed over his head, and behold, he is a wreck, a moral and physical wreck, unable to earn his own sustenance, despised by his former associates, shunned by his most intimate relatives, dead to all self-respect. And why? Let me give you a brief synopsis of his checkered career. At the age of twenty he unfortunately came into the possession of a legacy—twenty-five thousand dollars. I say unfortunately, because as thee will see as I go on, it was not only unfortunate, but a most deplorable event. Reared in comparative poverty in his early life, the possession of this (to him) enormous sum turned his brain. In the short space of three months he had dissipated more than the half of his inheritance in the wildest and most disgraceful orgies that man ever indulged in, and then, when a glimmering of reason returned to him after a protracted spree, he resolved to reform. Reform! Why, the very word was unknown to him. He went to Europe to see life. Bah! Poor fool, he saw it with a vengeance. In the gay Parisian capital he became enamored of a brazen-faced Amazon, who lured him on, step by step, until the coils were wound so tightly about him that he took a leap in the dark and married her. Then his troubles began."

"Yes, yes, certainly," I said abstractedly to the ancient party, for I was growing weary of the walking cadaver and his proneness to moralizing.

"Here is a fine old duffer," I said to myself, "who will let his bias get away with his equity. The old probate is ready to condemn anything not canonized. He is well fed, dresses well enough, and might dress better did his parsimony allow, and altogether he is not the sort of a person to talk about persons and things. He is very good in his way, but he is ancient. I will shake him," and I did by asking if he wouldn't go and have a beer. I knew he wouldn't, of course, but I wanted him to fall out with me, which he did, and after an animated five minutes lecture on temperance, the aged man with his 'thee' and his 'thou' left me, just as another poor old man came hobbling along with a crutch and a stick. He stopped in the middle of the walk, pulled off his hat, and taking an old-fashioned red handkerchief out of it, he mopped his brow, a thing he did with difficulty, as it was not without great effort his palsied hands performed their office. His lips moved constantly, in prayer, I thought, but on getting nearer to the old man, I found out he was muttering imprecations against his lame leg. I was shocked, and turned from him to something in human shape stretched out on one of the few benches around."

He is a magnificent specimen of the homeless and friendless wanderer, and his present sleep is doubtless the first since the day before, as in prowling through the night he is constantly admonished by the patrol to 'move on,' when he awaits the dawn and opening of the park to rest and forget his hunger. There is neither brutality nor ignorance on his countenance, and intention—stumbling over his feet, I woke

him up and abused him roundly for spreading himself out in the way. The abuse was not meant, of course, but I didn't want to startle the man by speaking kindly to him. He might think his mind was caving in, and would do himself violence, perhaps."

"Why don't you bring some bed-clothes and go to sleep right?" I said to him, "or, if you haven't got any, you might make application to the city, and you would be supplied, probably."

"Summer time," he answered, cheerfully, "I get along very well without sheets and things. A coat will do for a mosquito net. Holes too big for mosquitoes, though, but they'll keep the cows out."

"Live here?"

"Temporarily only."

"You were drunk last night?"

"Yes."

"Got any home?"

"No, not now."

"Any money?"

"Not a red."

"How do you manage to get drunk then?"

"Oh, bums."

"How?"

"Bums—fellows around on a tare; treat anybody they come across. I was in with a crowd last night."

"Got any trade?"

"No."

"What do you work at then? or do you ever work?"

"No. I did once, but people won't give me work now when I ask for it."

I brought out his story, and learned that he was a graduate of a business college. He came from the West, but his efforts to procure employment were unsuccessful. He had any number of letters of reference, but they were of no other use than to give regret to the refusal of those to whom he applied for a position.

"I couldn't last always," he said, "without employment; but I couldn't get any, and—well you see me now. I had often heard of just such cases as mine, but I thought they were romances, or if true at all, they were very rare. But, thunder! they're as common as pig tracks. Shoot into a crowd in these parks mornings and hit three or four, and for all the good they are to the world now it wouldn't be a bad idea for people to go a gunning for them."

"You realize your worthlessness it seems?"

"Yes, the contrast between my former life and my present mode of existence is so great I couldn't help but recognize it."

"And you never resolved to make an effort to better your condition?"

"Yes, long ago. It's no use. Continued failure made me lose all the ambition and energy I ever had, and when that is the case with a man, you may know he will be of little use in the world."

"You are right," I said.

"Yes," he continued, "it's a fact. I can hardly believe it myself, that I was once a society man. It seems like a pleasant dream when I think about it. Yes, I used to move about among the best at home. I was not wealthy, but I had good prospects, and had it not been for the unlucky and dishonest failure of the firm in whose employ I was, I would to-day have a snug little competency. But my savings of five years were included in the liabilities of the concern, and I had to begin life over again. I looked to the East as offering greater inducements, but I failed in my purpose. I was engaged to be married, too, but the ceremony was postponed for a year until I could get a start. That was sixteen years ago. Yes, she's married and got a family. I told her she had better get some one else, and she took my advice within six months. I don't know but that had a good deal to do with my recklessness, for I never despaired in my endeavors to get along while I felt that I was working for her. It's foolish for a man to throw himself away on account of a woman, but a great many of them do. I got disgusted myself and it wasn't long before I was a pretty good journeyman drunkard. They believe at home that I am dead, and I will never take the trouble to contradict the impression, for if my former friends knew me as I am now they would be disappointed to know that I am alive. I have been waiting for the old man with his scythe, but I guess he thinks I am too tough a citizen to tackle. Winter time? Oh, I travel South in winter and come North in the summer, take in the watering places, you know. Fare better in the South and West than here. Trampin' business overdone in this part of the country. Up here they set the dogs on a man, or drive him away with a club, and sometimes they threaten a fellow with a gun."

"Do you never condemn yourself for the life you are leading?" I asked.

"Well, I did along at first, after having tried so hard to make a respectable living, but it looked as if everything and everybody was against me, and I finally reconciled to myself what seemed to be the inevitable."

"So you think you are beyond reform?"

"Yes, I suppose so."

"Why don't you hire yourself out to a temperance revival as a horrible example? You could be of some account to the world."

Here he yawned, and finding him of no more especial interest the Prowler left him to resume his slumbers.

Poor devil! he is only one of many I have seen. Of one case in particular I am reminded. A young lawyer he was. Disgraced through drink at home he went away to a

strange city, in the hope of reforming himself, but he took his thirst for liquor with him, and in a few months he was reduced to absolute want. In this condition, and with his brain still befogged, he started on Sunday night to church, resolved to conquer himself by invoking the aid of his Redeemer. He faltered at the door of the church, but taking courage he approached the usher and asked to be shown a pew. His ragged clothes and uncombed hair, bleared eyes and shaky limbs did not appeal to the servant in the household of God, and the miserable wretch was turned away with the information that they did not want drunkards there, and staggering out into the night he sought oblivion for himself and his shame beneath the waters of the river. Ah! the curse of liquor. "Gimme a beer," said the Prowler to the barkeeper, and quaffing the beverage he departed to his den.

Local Small Talk.

—Mr. A. A. Deiter, a fine-looking young man of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the new "mixologist" at the Bush House.

—Mrs. Daniel Rhoads and family have returned from their trip to Ocean Grove, looking well and feeling happy.

—Six foreigners were naturalized Wednesday and the day before. They are all from Snow Shoe, and intend voting for Garfield and Arthur.

—Mr. J. A. Derr left Thursday afternoon for his home in Kansas City, Mo., taking with him his aged father and mother, who in the future will reside with him.

—According to the Harrisburg Telegraph all the Republican clubs organized thus far in Dauphin county contain more or less Democrats who voted for A. H. Dill for Governor.

—It is required by law that supervisors in every township put up finger boards at every cross road, and a failure to do so subjects them to a fine of \$10 in each and every case.

—The little daughter of Mr. Hockenberry, who was so terribly burned recently by the upsetting of a kettle of blackberry jam, is getting along finely, and will soon be about again.

—Mr. W. S. Twitmore, the High street tinner and stove dealer, is supplying new heaters for the county jail, and is also putting in new heaters in the residence of Judge Orris, on Linn street.

—Colonel R. A. McMurtrie, of Hollidaysburg, a distinguished citizen and lawyer, well known to many of our citizens, and distantly related to some, died at his home on Monday night Aug. 30th.

—Wednesday, June 30, and Tuesday, July 20, according to the record kept by engineer Rine at the water works, were the hottest days of the year, the thermometer registering 98 degrees in the shade.

—It's time to raise a report about the glass works starting. By report, our car shops are turning out an immense amount of work, and if rumor continues to float so freely, they'll soon have to build an addition to the works.

—A vote taken recently on the train from Tyrone to Milesburg, which brought delegates to the Sunday school convention at the latter place, resulted Garfield 26, Hancock 14. Sunday school people usually don't pan out well for Democracy.

—The Democratic drum corps is as annoying to the peaceful citizens within their hearing as a common house fly is to a sleeping baldheaded man. They keep up an incessant thumping and pounding that would put to shame even a lot of little children.

—At Ardell's planing mill can be seen one of the handsomest church pulpits in the county. It is built of white pine, then stained and trimmed in French walnut. It is very neat, and is intended for a new Methodist church now being built somewhere in Halfmoon valley.

—A new sidewalk is being built on Howard street on the property of the late Roland Curtin's heirs. This is a much needed improvement and one that should have been made years ago. Quite a number of new walks are being built in town, which show that the order recently issued by the Street committee is having a good effect.

—At the planing mill of John Ardell, Jr., workmen are busily engaged at making a lot of handsome walnut doors for the new residence of Mr. George Valentine, on Allegheny street, and at the tin and stove establishment of Messrs. W. S. Wolf and Son they are equally busy getting in shape the heating apparatus for the same building.

—The Lock Haven Journal says: "Seven barns were struck by lightning in Pennsylvania, Centre county, on Thursday last." Now, Al, look yer, don't yer "hauswagle" the honest people of Clinton county in that sort o' style. Why didn't you say county of Pennsylvania, State of Cen-

tre, North America township? Or, where were yer blue goggles when yer read the proof?

—A handsome and substantial new stone pavement is being laid before the residence of Mrs. Brockerhoff, corner of Spring and Bishop streets. This was a greatly needed improvement, and one which pedestrians will appreciate.

—The Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad will be completed to Pennsylvania furnace in a few days, and then taken out of the contractor's hands. It will, however, take several weeks' extra work in trimming up before the road will be in trim for running order.

—Mr. Q. A. Daniels, plasterer, is now working at his trade in Philipsburg. He reports the Republicans there as being active and earnest, and that they are making accessions to their ranks every day. Quinn is an excellent workman and a good Republican.

—The family of Charles L. Callaway, son-in-law of D. G. Bush, Esq., is boarding at the Park Hotel, Williamsport. Mr. Callaway is traveling for the firm of D. W. Wilson & Co., of New York, wholesale wood and willow merchants, and reports business good all over the State.

—Mr. Robert Taylor is one of Philipsburg's best citizens and most successful landlords. To our citizens who have occasion to visit that town we could recommend no better stopping place than his house, for we feel sure that he will do everything to make it pleasant and homelike for them.

—Mr. Joseph Jackson, the newly elected professor of mathematics of the Pennsylvania State College, and Thomas J. Edds, Esq., Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, were registered at the Bush House Thursday. They arrived on the morning train, and took the stage after dinner for the State College.

—Hollidaysburg has an association of females known as the "Hen Society." They are opposed to having anything to do with men, and so the latter call them their hen-emies. They recently held a picnic at which there wasn't a man around within the range of a shot gun. However, there didn't seem to be much clucking done at that convention.

—Mr. William Helme, of Philadelphia, one of the directors of the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe railroad company, was in town the other day, but left for Snow Shoe to join his family, who have been rusticated at this favorite resort for some time. Mr. Helme was one of the originators of the Bellefonte gas company, and at present a heavy stock holder. He is a gentleman of fine business qualities and generally successful in his undertakings.

—The Locomotive Fire Insurance Co. has closed business on account of an insufficiency of funds. We clip the foregoing from one of our exchanges, and if it means anything further than the policy-holders have known, we presume it means bankruptcy. This will be sad news to many in our county who, through misfortune, have stood by the company. The election of so worthy a gentleman as Edward C. Humes, of our town, as its vice-president seemed to augur the hope of resuscitation. Mr. Humes has not as yet accepted the position, and we presume will not unless there is hope of saving money to the policy holders.

—On Tuesday last a passenger train on the Clearfield branch contained several big-mouthed Democratic politicians, among whom was the blustering J. N. Cassanova. They were accusing themselves by making Democratic speech and distributing what they called Garfield free trade documents, much to the disgust of many of the intelligent passengers aboard. Finally one of them proposed that they proceed to take a vote and learn how the Hancock stock stood. The vote was taken and resulted, Garfield 16, Hancock 13. A gentleman who was on the train said that C's face fell about a foot, and he crouched into one corner of a seat and seemed as though he was trying to crawl into his boots.

—Altoona is organizing a literary, musical and social club, the object of which is to look after the interests and morals of her young men. Their idea is to hold out every inducement possible to attract them from places where they should not be, and if the experiment is found successful, and here is every reason to believe it will be, its influence will reach far beyond the limits of that city. The one great cause of dissipation among young men is the fact that every grogshop in the land has its "stool pigeon," so to speak, always out, and young men are decoyed therein before they are aware of it. Let the good people of Bellefonte establish a movement of this sort, and we will soon see a different state of affairs in our midst.

Sabbath-School Convention.

The fifteenth Annual Convention of the Sabbath-schools connected with the Centre Baptist Association, assembled in the Baptist church at Milesburg, on Tuesday last at 10:30 A. M.

The convention was called to order by the President, Rev. C. A. Hare, of Altoona, and opened with prayer by Rev. J. B. Kidder, of Huntingdon.

The devotional exercises were led by Rev. J. R. Deckard, of Altoona, and consisted in prayer and singing.

The reports from the different Sabbath schools were presented and read.

Committee to nominate officers for the ensuing year, Rev. C. H. Scott, of Bellwood, S. McVitty, Esq., of Sultillo, and H. Cryder, of Altoona.

Adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock P. M. Benediction by Rev. J. Evans, of Philipsburg.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session was opened with devotional exercises, conducted by W. Scott Bare of Huntingdon, and consisted in reading the scriptures, singing, prayer, and remarks.

Visiting brethren from a distance, on motion, invited to participate.

The following officers for the coming year were recommended by the committee and elected:

President.—Rev. W. P. Hill of Centre Union. Vice-President.—W. Scott Bare of Huntingdon. Recording Secretary.—R. M. McDivitt, of Huntingdon. Corresponding Secretary.—J. R. McFarlane, of Hollidaysburg. Treasurer.—S. E. Henry, of Huntingdon. Executive Committee.—Rev. W. P. Hill, of Centre Union, J. B. Boring, of Mill Creek, F. Potts Green, of Bellefonte, Edward Bell, of Sabbath Rest, Rev. D. J. R. Strayer, Sultillo.

Discussion topic, "What can be done to make our small schools more effective?" Opened by S. McVitty of Sultillo, followed by Revs. C. H. Scott, Samuel Miles, and John Burke.

The report of the treasurer was read and referred to an auditing committee.

The topic, "Is the Sabbath School the hope of the future?" was opened by Rev. Deckard and continued by Revs. C. H. Scott, H. F. Kink, of Hollidaysburg, J. Burke, J. R. Evans, and J. B. Kidder, and Messrs. C. A. Courter, of Eagleville, E. A. Green, Rev. Baird, Rev. J. G. Miles, Rev. W. A. Ridge, of Blanchard, D. Hare, of Huntingdon, and Rev. Deckard.

Adjourned till 7 o'clock p. m.

EVENING SESSION.

The opening exercises were led by H. Cryder, of Altoona.

Essay by Miss Mary Evans of Philipsburg. Subject—"The rewards of our work."

Subject—"The conversion of young children, its possibility and necessity," opened by Rev. W. A. Ridge. The discussion was further participated in by Rev. Dr. Bell and Rev. D. Williams, of Lewisburg.

Adjourned. Benediction by Rev. D. Williams.

WEDNESDAY MORNING SESSION.

The convention met at 8 o'clock. The devotional exercises were conducted by F. Potts Green, of Bellefonte.

Subject—"Best method of establishing Mission Schools," opened by Rev. D. W. Hunter, of Lewistown.

Subject—"Difficulties of Superintendents and how to meet them," opened by Rev. C. H. Scott, and further discussed by Messrs. Bare, Lane and Henry, of Huntingdon, McVitty, and Hudson of Sultillo.

The following resolution, relative to the Baptist Orphanage of Philadelphia was offered by Rev. O. M. Spratt and adopted:

WHEREAS, The Baptist Orphanage of Philadelphia has been successfully opened during the past year, for the care, support and education of orphan and half orphan children of Baptist families in Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That we express our hearty sympathy for this noble charity, and recommend that each Sunday-school set apart the first Sunday in May as "Orphan Day," and take a collection for the Orphanage.

On motion the Lewistown, Centre, Union and Julian schools were admitted into the association.

Resolved, That when the Convention adjourns it be to meet the day previous to the meeting of the Centre Baptist Association, and at the same place.

On motion the Treasurer was instructed to have the minutes printed with those of the association.

The convention adjourned at 10 a. m. to meet as previously indicated.

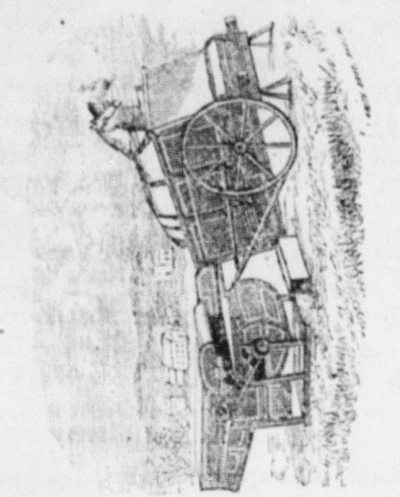
"We cannot but smile, remarks an exchange, when a man tells us he cannot take his local paper because he wants a city paper. He might as well say he cannot afford bread because he wants sponge cake. Meanwhile he has to ask his neighbor about the local news and notices, and the local paper goes on building up his place and business and convenience without support. It is not many, and we say without hesitation that there is something out of joint with the man who does not support his local paper."

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Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—

Time Table April 22, 1880.

WESTWARD.

Leave	Exp. Mail
Leave Lock Haven	5:25 a.m.
Flemington	5:30 a.m.
Mill Hall	5:34 a.m.
Beech Creek	5:40 a.m.
Eagleville	5:45 a.m.
Howard	5:50 a.m.
Mount Eagle	5:55 a.m.
Curtin	6:00 a.m.
Milesburg	6:05 a.m.
Bellefonte	6:10 a.m.
Unionville	6:15 a.m.
Port Matilda	6:20 a.m.
Martha	6:25 a.m.
Unionville	6:30 a.m.
Hannah	6:35 a.m.
Fowler	6:40 a.m.
Bald Eagle	6:45 a.m.
Vall	6:50 a.m.
Arrive at Tyrone	8:10 a.m.

EASTWARD.

Leave	Exp. Mail
Leave Tyrone	7:08 a.m.
East Tyrone	7:15 a.m.
Vall	7:19 a.m.
Bald Eagle	7:23 a.m.
Port Matilda	7:28 a.m.
Hannah	7:35 a.m.
Martha	7:42 a.m.
Unionville	7:48 a.m.
Port Matilda	7:55 a.m.
Milesburg	8:02 a.m.
Bellefonte	8:08 a.m.
Curtin	8:15 a.m.
Mount Eagle	8:22 a.m.
Howard	8:28 a.m.
Unionville	8:35 a.m.
Port Matilda	8:42 a.m.
Beech Creek	8:48 a.m.
Mill Hall	8:54 a.m.
Flemington	9:01 a.m.
Arrive at Lock Haven	9:37 a.m.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 30, 1880:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11:55 p.m.
" " Harrisburg	4:25 a.m.
" " Williamsport	8:35 a.m.
" " Jersey Shore	9:07 a.m.
" " Lock Haven	9:40 a.m.
" " Renovo	11:00 a.m.
arr at Erie	11:50 a.m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	9:00 a.m.
" " Harrisburg	12:20 a.m.
" " Williamsport	3:15 p.m.
" " Lock Haven	4:20 p.m.
" " Renovo	5:40 p.m.

EASTWARD.

Passengers by this train arrive in	
Bellefonte	5:05 p.m.
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11:50 a.m.
" " Harrisburg	3:35 p.m.
" " Williamsport	7:25 p.m.
" " Jersey Shore	8:40 p.m.
arr at Lock Haven	9:40 p.m.
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven	6:45 a.m.
" " Jersey Shore	7:15 a.m.
" " Williamsport	11:00 a.m.
arr at Harrisburg	11:40 a.m.
" " Philadelphia	3:15 p.m.
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo	9:50 a.m.
" " Lock Haven	11:10 a.m.
" " Williamsport	2:45 a.m.
arr at Harrisburg	3:40 p.m.
" " Philadelphia	6:45 p.m.
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	9:00 a.m.
" " Harrisburg	12:20 a.m.
" " Williamsport	3:15 p.m.
" " Lock Haven	4:20 p.m.
" " Renovo	5:40 p.m.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia

12:25 a.m. arr at Harrisburg 3:50 a.m. Philadelphia 7:40 a.m.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with R. E. V. R. R. trains.

Errie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with R. N. Y. & P. R. R.; and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Errie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & R. R. trains for Wilkes-Barre and Scranton.

Errie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. & W. R. R. trains north.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—

Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7:10 a.m., arrives in Bellefonte 9:10 a.m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10:20 a.m., arrives in Snow Shoe 11:57 a.m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2:00 p.m., arrives in Bellefonte 4:15 p.m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5:15 p.m., arrives in Snow Shoe 7:27 p.m.

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One year, in advance, \$2.00
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 398 inches 405.00 411.00 419.00
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 401 inches 408.00 414.00 422.0

Is it Lard or Butter?

Why will our farmers persist in flooding the market with such quantities of white, lardy looking butter, when they can, by the use of Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfect Butter Color, make it of the golden color of June, the year round. Any butter buyer will tell you that such a color will make a difference of from three to six cents per pound.

—During the past three or four weeks no less than seven trees on Halfmoon hill have been struck by lightning and totally destroyed.

—Dr. Casper recommends Kendall's Spavin Cure in the highest terms and thousands of eminent physicians do the same.

—Handy Andy Reed, the would-be Congressman from Millin county, was in town last week.

—Don't hesitate, if your Kidneys trouble you, for DAYS KIDNEY PAD will surely cure.

—Henry Lear, Patriot, Ohio, writes: I was taken sick last Wednesday with a very severe Rheumatic pain in my left shoulder; I was so unwell that I could not even turn myself around in bed. Having heard of the curative qualities of Dr. JACOB'S OIL, I concluded to try it. The first application brought relief, and on the subsequent day I was able to go to work. I therefore recommend this excellent remedy to all sufferers with Rheumatism.

—The new road leading from Reynolds' grist mill to the pike is being greatly improved by the new stone ballast now being put upon it.

Presidential Campaign.

Gen. Grant, no doubt, feels quite confident that he can be elected for the third term if he will only accept the position, but we know of thousands of men that say that Kendall's Spavin Cure is the very best remedy that has ever been discovered for spavins, splints, curb, callous, ring-bone or any lameness on beast or man. Everybody should investigate these subjects and read the advertisement for Kendall's Spavin Cure.

—Meetings will be held in the Republican club room every night this week. Let everybody who desires to hear the issues of the day fairly discussed attend.

SHOCKON, Wis., Dec. 23, 1879.

I have been troubled with Kidney complaint (Diabetes) for six years and without relief until I commenced taking Kidney-Wort. I have taken four boxes, and now consider myself entirely cured. I would recommend it for all such cases.

W. H. THOMPSON, Engineer C. M. & St. P. R. R.

Mrs. J. B. Clark, Amite, La., writes: "I have used Kidney-Wort, and I wish I could see you to tell you of the benefit it has been to me. It has relieved me of pain in the side, constipation, piles, and some other complaints. My sleep is now very refreshing, and I am quite well. It is a sure cure."

—Pennsylvania State College admits both sexes. Endowment half a million. Tuition free. Courses of study, Classical, Scientific and Agricultural. A thorough preparatory department. Expenses \$3 to \$6 per week. For catalogue, address, Joseph Shortridge, A. M., President, State College, Pa. 12-31-80

New Advertisements.

WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.
(Formerly Dr. Crook's Kidney Cure.)
A vegetable preparation, and the only agree-
sandy in the world for Bright's Disease,
diabetes, and ALL Kidney, Liver, and
Urinary Disorders.
See Testimonials of the highest order in proof
of these statements.
For the cure of Diabetes, call for War-
ner's Safe Diabetes Cure.
For the cure of Bright's and the other
diseases, call for Warner's Safe Kidney
and Liver Cure.
WARNER'S SAFE BITTERS.
It is the best Blood Purifier, and stimulates
every function to more healthful action, and
induces a benefit in all diseases.
It cures Scrofulous and other Skin Eruptions
and Diseases, including Cancer, Ulcers,
Eczema, and other Nores.
Dyspepsia, Weakness of the Stomach,
Constipation, Biliousness, General Debility,
etc., are cured by the Safe Bitters. It is
unexcelled as an appetizer and regular tonic.
Bottles of two sizes, prices, 50c. and \$1.00.
WARNER'S SAFE NERVE
Quickly gives Rest and Sleep to the suffering,
cures Headache and Neuralgia, prevents
Exhaustion, Etc., and relieves Nervous Prostration
brought on by excessive drink, over-
work, mental shocks, and other causes.
Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe dis-
turbed Nerves, it never injures the system,
whether taken in small or large doses.
Bottles of two sizes, prices, 50c. and \$1.00.
WARNER'S SAFE PILLS
Are an immediate and active stimulant for a
Sore Liver, and cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Bil-
iousness, Bilious Diar-
rhoea, Malaria, Fever
and Ague, and should
be used whenever the
bowels are not regular,
freely and regularly.
No other Pills require such
small doses for thorough
work. Price 25 cts. a box.
Warner's Safe Remedies are
sold by Druggists & Dealers
in Medicine every where.
H. H. Warner & Co.,
Proprietors,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Send for Pamphlet
and Testimonials.

New Advertisements.

FARM AND IRON ORE MINE
AT
ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

WILL BE EXPOSED AT PUBLIC SALE
on the premises, by order of the Or-
phans' Court of Centre county, Pa., on

Wednesday, Nov. 10th, 1880,
All that message or tract of land known as the

James A. McCalmont Farm

Located in Marion township, Centre county, Pa., about one mile west of Jacksonville and eight miles east of Bellefonte—a first class Nittany Valley farm, bounded by lands of W. W. Beck, Joseph Long, heirs of John Beatty, and heirs of Thomas Husten, deceased, containing about 193 acres, net measure. 150 acres are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, divided into convenient fields under good fences. The balance of the land is covered with thriving timber.

A Good Mansion House,

Two tenement Houses, frame Barn, with other outbuildings, with wells and cisterns convenient.

This farm contains the celebrated IRON ORE BANA, known as the McCALMONT ORE, which is of the best quality, analyzing 56 per cent. carbonate of iron, with the smallest trace of phosphorus; in addition to which there are indications of ore of same quality in the fields adjoining, which can be washed from the earth in large quantities. Water ninety feet below the surface.

This farm is located in a good neighborhood, convenient to schools, churches, mills, and three miles from the Howard station on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, to which the road descends all the way.

Persons wishing to view the property before the day of sale are invited to call on James S. and Robert McCalmont, who reside on the premises.

Sale will begin at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day. TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years thereafter; the two latter payments to be secured by bonds and mortgage on the premises, with interest.

WM. SHORTLIDGE, Executor.

Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 2, 1880.

JOB PRINTING

Done in the best manner at lowest rates at

Bellefonte REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

New Advertisements.

IMPORTANT TO AGENTS.—THE LIFE OF
GEN. JAS. A. GARFIELD

By his personal friend, MAJOR RUNDY, Editor of N. Y. Mail, is the only edition to which Gen. Garfield has given personal attention or facts.

Beautifully illustrated, printed and bound. "The best,"—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser. "The nearest,"—N. Y. Herald. "The most useful, sensible and satisfactory,"—N. Y. Tribune. Full length steel portrait by Hall, from a picture taken expressly for this work. **Active Agents Wanted.** Liberal terms. Send \$1.00 at once for complete outfit. A. S. BARNES & CO., 111 and 113 William st., New York. 35-24

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MOSES THOMPSON, of College township, and JOHN I. THOMPSON, of Huston township, have applied to the Secretary of Internal Affairs for a warrant for four hundred acres of land situated in the townships of Halfmoon and Patton, county Centre, adjoining lands of Mattern Bros. and others on the east, Lyon, Short & Co. on the south, A. H. Griffin and an old survey in the name of Josiah Lambourn on the west, and said Lambourn survey on the north. This application being made in behalf of themselves and those claiming under them according to their respective interests, and not otherwise.

D. S. KELLECK, Atty for Applicants.

BELLEFONTE SCHOOL DISTRICT.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES for the school year ending on the 1st Monday in June, 1880.

From State appropriation.....\$ 708 12
Balance on hand from last year..... 442 69
From Collector..... 7552 76

RECEIPTS.
For teachers' wages.....\$2250 00
For fees of Collector..... 375 00
For salary of Treasurer..... 100 00
For salary of Secretary..... 100 00
For debt and interest paid..... 3133 00
For other expenses..... 1619 47

EXPENDITURES.
Cash on hand.....\$ 126 10
Amount due District from all sources..... 4273 90

RESOURCES.
Total resources.....\$4400 00

LIABILITIES.
Amount borrowed and unpaid, or debt of District.....\$2900 00
Total liabilities..... 25200 00
Estimated value of school property.....\$29000 00

A. O. FURST, President.
W. C. HEINLE, Secretary.

Bellefonte, June 7th, 1880. 34-31

New Advertisements.

Vaa Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP

Is superior to all other soaps. It is combined with Sulphur in its pure, unadulterated state, which enters the pores of the skin, being absorbed into the blood through the minute capillaries, and thus acts upon the skin, whether it is healthy or in a diseased condition, both locally and constitutionally, thereby eliminating all impurities from the blood, and exciting the skin to healthy action. It produces a fairness, purity, and freshness of the complexion which is unequalled, and can be produced by no other means. No toilet, nursery or bath room is complete without it. It makes the skin pure, clear, white and healthy; is cleansing, deodorizing, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve itching piles when nothing else will have any effect. Ask for VAA DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP; insist upon it, and take no imitation. Sold by druggists, Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, 201 Calowhill street, Philadelphia. 12-29-ly 35

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD, HALBERT E. PAINE, Late Commissioner of Patents.

PATENTS

PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD, Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents.

412 Fifth Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

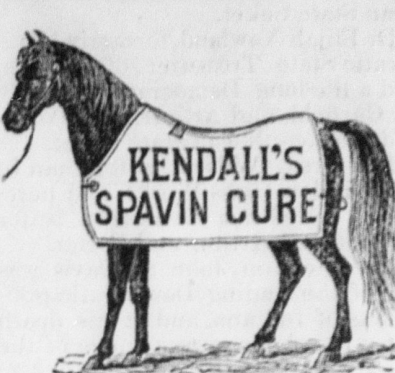
Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent free on receipt of stamp for postage. 12-29-ly

THE RATIONAL TREATMENT

Cures Catarrh, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption, as well as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Womb Disease, Sexual Weakness and Nervous Exhaustion. No patent medicine scheme; but remedies prescribed to suit each case.

Address H. LANDIS, M. D., Reading, Pa. Write your full name, post office, state and county, in plain hand. 12-29-ly 35

Kendall's Spavin Cure.



It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.

For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

We feel positive that every man can have perfect success in every case if he will only use good common sense in applying KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE, and persevere in bad cases of long standing. Read below the experience of others.

From Col. L. T. Foster.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 10th, 1880.
DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: I had a very valuable Hambletonian colt which I prized very highly; he had a large bone spavin on one joint and a smaller one on the other, which made him very lame. I had him under the charge of two veterinary surgeons, which failed to cure him. I was one day reading the advertisement of Kendall's Spavin Cure in the Chicago Express; I determined at once to try it, and got our druggists here to send for it. They ordered three bottles. I took them all and thought I would give it a thorough trial. I used it according to the directions and by the fourth day the colt ceased to be lame, and the lumps had entirely disappeared. I used but one bottle, and the colt's limbs are as free from lumps and as smooth as any horse in the state. He is entirely cured. The cure was so remarkable that I let two of my neighbors have the remaining two bottles, who are now using it. Very respectfully, L. T. FOSTER.

PERSEVERANCE WILL TELL.

Stoughton, Mass., March 10th, 1880.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: In justice to you and myself, I think I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with Kendall's spavin cure, one very large one. Don't know now long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two months for the small one. I have used ten bottles. The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me its sale will be very great. Respy's yours, CHAS. E. PARKER.

From Rev. P. N. Granger,

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.
St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 26th, 1880.
DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: In reply to your letter I will say that my experience with Kendall's Spavin Cure has been very satisfactory indeed. Three or four years ago I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it, cured a horse of Lameness caused by spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring-bone was forming. I procured a bottle of Kendall's spavin Cure and with less than a bottle

STATEMENT MADE UNDER OATH.

To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. CALVIN.
Enosburgh Falls, Vt., Feb. 29th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 23th day of Feb., A. D. 1879. JOHN G. JENNE, Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ON HUMAN FLESH It has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for COUGHS, BRUISES, FROST-BITES, or any bruiser cut or laceration. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

What is Good for Beast is Good for Man.

Head of its effect on human flesh:
Patron's Mills, N. Y., Feb. 21, 1878.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.: Dear Sir: The particular case on which I used your Kendall's Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen months' standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Kendall's Spavin Cure put the foot to the ground again, and, for the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it exceeds anything we ever used. Yours truly, Rev. M. P. BELL.

Pastor M. E. Church, Patton's Mills, N. Y. Bakersfield, Vt., Dec. 23, 1879.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: I wish to add my testimony in favor of your invaluable liniment.

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man. Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. 12-31-80 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

S. & A. LOEB,
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DEALERS IN THE CELEBRATED
ROCHESTER CLOTHING.

Better Fits, better Workmanship, better Styles, better Linings, superior in every respect to any other ready-made Clothing in the United States, and equal in every respect to the work of any merchant tailor in any of our large cities.

Prices fully as low as ordinary slop-shop work—generally sold in Bellefonte.

Mothers, bring in your Children, from 4 years up, and examine our assortment of CHILDREN'S WEAR.

S. & A. LOEB,

Fine Clothiers, and dealers in General Merchandise.

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!
Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Railroad.

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-81



Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music,

INSTRUCTORS, COVERS AND STOOLS.

Band and Small Instruments, Organets, Fashion Patterns, Oil Paintings and Chromos.

SEWING MACHINES

Of all makes, Oil Attachments, Parts, Needles, Barbour Bros' Linen Thread. Organs hired as low as \$5.00 per month. Sewing Machines at \$3.00.

LARGEST STOCK OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

"SILVER CYMBAL," a New Collection of Sunday School Music, \$1.00 per Dozen.

WONDERFUL ORGANETTE.

PLAYS ALL TUNES. A CHILD CAN PLAY IT.

THE NEW DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINE.

YOU WOULD BUY IT IF YOU TRIED IT. IT HAS NO EQUAL.

TEN DOLLARS OFF. NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

Why can this Firm Sell so Cheap? Because they Buy for Cash and Employ No Agents.

BUNNELL & AIKENS.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Garfield's Tariff Record.

AS PREPARED BY THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

June 4, 1864.—Mr. Garfield voted against an amendment to the pending tariff bill to admit free of duty during a period of one year any machinery designs for and adapted to the manufacture of woven fabrics from the fiber of flax or hemp, etc. *Globe*, Part 3, 1st Sess., 38th Cong., p. 2750.

June 27, 1864.—Mr. Garfield voted for a Senate amendment to the tariff bill fixing a duty of sixty cents per one hundred pounds on all iron imported in bars for railroads and incline planes made to patterns and fitted to be laid down on such roads or planes. *Globe*, Pt. 4, 1st Sess., 38th Cong., p. 3312.

July 10, 1866.—The tariff bill being under consideration, Garfield voted against reducing the duties on all railroad iron to 50 cents per hundred pounds, and then voted to make it 70 cents per hundred pounds. *Globe*, Pt. 4, 1st Sess., 39th Cong., p. 3723.

December 8, 1868.—Garfield voted for a bill increasing the duty on imported copper and copper ores. *Globe*, Pt. 1, 3d Sess., 40th Cong., p. 15.

February 8, 1869.—The bill went back to the House from the Senate with the rates of duty largely increased, and Garfield voted for the Senate amendments. *Ibid*, Pt. 2, p. 960.

May 23, 1870.—Garfield voted against a motion offered by Mr. Judd, of Illinois, to suspend the rules and pass a bill to reduce duties on sugar, molasses, iron, etc. *Globe*, Pt. 4, 2d Sess., 41st Cong., p. 3727.

June 6, 1870.—An internal revenue bill being under consideration, Mr. Schenck offered an amendment imposing increased duties on tea, coffee, sugar and other necessities of life. In fact it was a regular tariff bill injected into an internal revenue bill. Garfield voted for it. *Ibid*, Pt. 5, p. 4106.

June 20, 1870.—The House had in the above bill raised the duty on live animals from 20 to 30 per cent. *ad valorem*, and had so increased the duties on potatoes and fish that they were almost prohibitory. A resolution was offered directing the Ways and Means Committee to reduce the duties on potatoes and fish 50 per cent. Garfield voted for its reference to the Ways and Means Committee without instructions and thus practically defeated it. *Ibid*, p. 4303.

February 26, 1872.—The resolution declaring it to be the judgment of the House that the duty on pig iron should be reduced to five dollars per ton or less, was rejected. Mr. Garfield voted against it. *Globe*, Pt. 2d, 2d Sess., 42d Cong., p. 1217.

January 23, 1865.—Mr. E. B. Washburn introduced for passage a joint resolution to reduce the duty on printing paper unsized used for books and newspapers exclusively to 3 per cent. *ad valorem*. Mr. Garfield voted to lay the joint resolution on the table. He also voted against ordering the main question, and fought it at every stage down to the final passage. He wanted the rate of duty put higher. *Globe*, Pt. 1, 2d Sess., 38th Cong., p. 369 and 370.

March 3, 1865.—The above bill was returned from the Senate with an amendment increasing the duty to 15 per cent. Garfield voted for that amendment. He also voted against tallying the bill, which the friends of cheap paper desired to do. *Ibid*, Pt. 2, p. 1416.

DUTY ON SUGAR.

April 28, 1864.—The Internal Revenue bill being under consideration, Mr. Garfield voted for an amendment increasing the duty on sugar from one to two cents per pound. *Globe*, Part 2, 1st Session, 38th Cong., p. 1942.

DUTY ON COAL.

June 6, 1870.—Mr. Garfield voted against a resolution directing the Ways and Means Committee, at the earliest practicable moment, to report a bill abolishing the duty on coal, which was to secure that important article of fuel to the people free from all taxation. *Globe*, Pt. 5, 2d Sess., 41st Cong., p. 4101.

Coming Over to Our Side.

There has been so much blowing in the Democratic ranks about a few insignificant Republican "flopsters" to Hancock, that it is about time to give a few instances of wholesale Democratic "flopping" to Garfield; and as Indiana is just now the most important point to which the public eye is directed, we submit the following as an indication from one place alone. We quote from the New Albany, Ind., correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial:

NEW ALBANY, IND., August 26.—The Democratic exodus in this city amounts to a panic, and the wildest alarm prevails in their ranks. To-day Mr. George F. Penn, Democratic councilman from the First ward, this city, and heretofore a formidable local Democratic politician on account of his influence, published a card renouncing Democracy and declaring for Garfield and Arthur, and Porter and the Republican State ticket. Mr. Penn is general manager of the operative department of the glass works.

Hon. Washington C. DePauw, proprietor of DePauw's American Plate Glass Works, this city, and his two sons, Newland T. and Charles DePauw, all heretofore strong Demo-

crats, are out boldly for Garfield and Arthur, and Porter and the Republican State ticket.

Dr. Elijah Newland, formerly Democratic State Treasurer of Indiana, and a life-long Democrat, is openly for Garfield and Arthur, and Porter and the Republican State ticket.

Mr. Fred. Wilson, a foreman in the Window Glass Works, and heretofore a red-hot Democrat, is for Garfield and Arthur and Porter.

The late Hon. John S. Davis was one of the leading Democratic politicians of Indiana, and at his death a few weeks ago was Judge of the Floyd and Circuit Courts. Three of his sons have within a few days come out strongly for the Republican National and State ticket.

Mr. David G. Hudson, a heretofore pronounced Democrat and an active business man, says: "The business men of the country do not need or desire any chance, for times were never so substantially good in this country as at present. I will therefore vote for Garfield and Arthur, and Porter and the Republican State ticket."

There is now in course of organization at the DePauw American Plate Glass Works, in this city, a Garfield and Arthur club, to be composed of seventy-five voters, every one of whom have heretofore voted the Democratic ticket. Mr. George F. Penn will be President, and Mr. Charles DePauw, Secretary.

Three Republican clubs in this city have enrolled among their members eighty-five men who heretofore voted the Democratic ticket.

This is the way it is going all over this part of Indiana. The dearest duck in the political puddle is Franklin Landers, who imagines himself running for Governor of Indiana.

Another correspondent of the same paper writes from Jeffersonville:

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., August 26.—The Republicans in this city have become very enthusiastic over the excellent prospects of carrying the State, and the numerous converts to their ranks of former Democrats. Your correspondent can give the names of thirty-five Democratic workmen who will vote the Republican ticket this fall.

THE address of Hon. John Sherman at Cincinnati on the 30th ult. was an able effort and a clear, logical exposition of those matters upon which few, if any, men are so well entitled to speak as is the astute Secretary of the Treasury. It is hardly possible to over-estimate the importance of the point which he made, namely, the difference between the defalcation of Federal officials under Democratic and under Republican rule. Under Buchanan \$81 per \$1000, and under Van Buren \$11 71 per \$1000 are ugly figures as contrasted with Lincoln, seventy-six cents, Grant, thirty-four cents, and under Hayes one-third of a cent on \$1000. These are statements strictly within the limit of Secretary Sherman's experience and knowledge, and he has done good service to his party in calling attention to matters of such vital importance. Mere defamation can never offset such a record.

EXPORTS FOR EUROPE.—There appears to be ample room and verge enough here for all the steamship lines that come along to compete for the carrying trade to Europe, as apparently the more vessels there are, the more does the business seem to increase. This was fully exemplified on Saturday, when more than the usual number of steamers cleared from here for British and other European destinations, and all of them loaded to their full capacity. Butter, cheese and bacon are going abroad in quantities, and the supplies of fresh meat are again liberal, the prices on the other side being fairly satisfactory. The ice charges, however, make a good inroad on the profits, the cost for filling a refrigerator for each voyage being about \$500. There are considerable manufactured goods for foreign customers, and among the rest the White Star steamer took out a consignment of 874 bales of domestic dry-goods. —N. Y. Bul.

WHAT THE NEW YORK "HERALD" SAYS OF THE PROSPECTS IN MAINE.—The Democrats will of course be defeated in Maine, and they deserve their defeat. Their slanderous attempt last winter to accomplish by force and fraud what they had failed to accomplish in the election covered them with merited disgrace, and no honest man should wish to see them relieved of the penalty. The passions which survived that ignoble endeavor imparted considerable vigor to the Democratic canvass in Maine in its early stages, but the spots reputation of General Hancock could not "blaze evil deeds or consecrate a crime." It remains to be seen whether the Democratic defeat in Maine will impair the chances of the party in Indiana, where a defeat would be more discouraging, if not irreparable.

THERE are more ways than one to keep a husband at home in the evenings. The wife might put up a kask of beer in one corner of the dining room, cover the floor with sand, and hire two or three dirty fellows to fill the place full of smoke from vile segars. A woman with any sort of tact can make home as happy and cheerful as a beer saloon. —New Orleans Picayune.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The *Cork Constitution* says: "Some time ago the constabulary received information of a Fenian plot to attack the powder mills and barracks at Ballinacolly, five miles southeast of Cork. Extra precautions are taken and are still continued against a surprise. The *Constitution* alleges that men in position of trust at the mills are Fenian officers."

CONCORD, N. H., August 31.—A number of delegates to the Free-Will Baptist quarterly meeting at East Ware, who were staying at the house of one Daniels, were accidentally poisoned by eating potatoes upon whose vines Paris green had been used. Four persons are very ill and Mr. Daniels is not expected to recover. The guests were from Sutton, N. H.

LOWVILLE, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Harriet Merrihew, on trial for poisoning David Merrihew, her brother-in-law, near Copenhagen, in 1879, was to-day found guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced to imprisonment in Sing Sing Prison for life. Winthrop Merrihew, who was indicted as an accessory, was discharged.

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 31.—A shocking accident occurred on the Lowell and Lawrence railroad, on Saturday night, by which five youths of this city lost their lives. The Caledonian picnic was held during the day, at Smith's Grove, in the town of Andover, where these young men had been participating. Either for want of money or sport, they contrived to clamber on the top of the passenger in the train which left Lawrence at 7:30 p. m. When the train reached Sprague's Bridge, two miles from this city, in the town of Teakbury all five were swept off and killed.

SARATOGA, August 30.—Benjamin Eggleston, late Congressman of Ohio has been staying for several days at Congress Hall. In conversation to-day regarding the political outlook in Ohio, and more particularly upon the feeling and position of the Germans of that State in the present campaign, Mr. Eggleston said: "The German element in Ohio has never been more united in a political sense than at present. They are not only one as a nationality on the Presidential question, but they are solid in their good opinion of the choice at Chicago, and in their estimation of General Garfield as a soldier, as a statesman and a man. There is no division whatever among them. A large proportion of the Germans of Cincinnati and Cleveland who voted the Democratic ticket four years ago have announced their determination to vote for General Garfield, and the unusual activity both by personal effort and in the organization of campaign clubs in both these cities shows that the Germans are willing and anxious to have their position in regard to their choice for President known." Mr. Eggleston gave the foregoing in a confident manner, and regretted that the near approach of train time would prevent his going more minutely into details concerning the German movement in Ohio.

TRENTON, N. J., August 31.—A large meeting of workmen, the majority of whom were potters, was held here last evening under the auspices of the Workmen's Protective Tariff Association of Trenton for the purpose of hearing the tariff question discussed. Many Republican politicians were noticed in the audience, and some leaders occupied proscenium boxes. John Martin, an operative potter, presided, and a series of resolutions denouncing free trade and proclaiming for a high protective tariff were read and adopted amid applause. Mr. Martin in his speech said that there are nineteen potteries in Trenton which pay out weekly in wages \$25,000, or \$1,500,000 a year, use materials to the value of \$15,000 weekly and produce annually \$2,500,000 worth of ware. The capital invested is \$2,500,000. He said that a reduction of the tariff would ruin this industry, and that a tariff for revenue only meant a scarcity of employment, short time and low wages. He advised every workman to vote the Republican ticket, and in doing so vote for the continuance of a protective tariff. Mr. Martin then introduced Charles E. Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, as the speaker of the evening. That gentleman went into a general discussion of the tariff question, compared the attitude of the two great parties and their candidates for the Presidency on it, and pictured the continuance of welfare and prosperity which would result from the election of Garfield, and

the ruin of the workingmen's interests which would follow the election of Hancock. He gave the latter credit for his success as a great soldier, but asserted that his ideas on the tariff question, as expressed in his letter of acceptance, were "as clear as mud."

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—A careful examination of the condition of the wheat crop in the great wheat belt on the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad has been made for the Associated Press. The reports that the crop was in larger in consequence of wet weather were unwarranted. The late spring delayed seeding and harvest fully two weeks, and the late week of cloudy weather along the line has interfered with threshing, but the crop is safe, and with favorable weather will begin moving largely this week, fully three weeks later, however, than last year. The Delrymple farm alone will require thirty-five cars a day to take care of the grain as fast as threshed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Evidence accumulates from all quarters that the coalition between the Democrats and Greenbackers in Maine is going to pieces. Democrats who have been stumping the State for Plaiside admit privately that there is no chance of his election. Gen. Raum, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who has been in the State for the past two weeks, writes as follows in a private letter received here to-day: "Maine will go Republican. The Fusionists are now on the run. The great steal will cause many well-meaning men who have heretofore voted the Democratic ticket to go for Davis. I have just canvassed the strongest Democratic towns in this county, and know what I am speaking about. My opinion is that Davis' majority will far exceed the most sanguine expectations. Fusion does not fuse, and fraud will meet its just reward."

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Sept. 3.—There is very little doubt that the steamer City of Vera Cruz, of the Mexican line, which sailed from New York on the 25th of August for Havana and Vera Cruz, went down in the recent hurricane, which has already strewn our coast with wrecks. Only the faintest hopes remain that any of her passengers have survived. This terrible discovery was made here yesterday, when portions of the mail carried by the ill-fated steamer were washed ashore some miles south of this city. One mail bag contained letters for Cuba and Mexico, which had been posted in Paris, France, on August 13, and another lot was found bearing the postmark, "New York, August 25." This at once indicated that the lost vessel was a mail steamer, bound for southern ports, and the surmise was that it must have been the City of Vera Cruz, as she left New York on the day last named.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Considerable comment has appeared recently with regard to the advisability of reviving for the convenience of commerce the fractional currency. The facilities afforded by the new system of registering packages by mail for making purchases of small articles from a distance, make it very desirable that there should be in existence some circulating medium of smaller denomination than the dollar, which may be sent by mail. Major Power, chief clerk of the Treasury department, proposes to meet this demand by issuing greenbacks of the denomination of ones and twos, which may be divisible into halves and quarters. His plan is to have the face of the note printed as at present. The back he would have divided into four sections each bearing a separate obligation on the part of the government for its redemption. These may be issued as they are called for, and may pass in their complete form until the holder finds occasion to cut them for the purposes of change, when their tendency will be toward the Treasury for redemption as mutilated currency. By an order of the Treasurer, issued by Mr. Spinner, the regular greenbacks now current are redeemable when cut in two or more pieces the amount being proportionate to the size of the pieces presented. If Congress should authorize the adoption of Major Power's proposition it would merely legalize this long standing practice.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—General Weaver, the Presidential candidate of the Greenback party, delivered a speech in Faneuil Hall to-night to an audience that comfortably filled the hall. In opening he declared that the end sought by the Greenback party was to emancipate the industrial classes from the unjust dominion of incorporated capital, to restore civil liberty in the States lately in rebellion, and through these give to the Nation a Government not only republican in form, but republican in administration. He devoted some time to the presentation of his well known views on the labor question, and said the

English system of finance had been transplanted to this country, and here, as it has done there, it will alienate the people, unless it is overthrown. The great question is, "what shall be the permanent financial system for this great Nation?" The theory of the Government is that all power shall remain in the hands of the people. It is the theory of finance, and not the men who administer it, with which fault is to be found. The Government has abdicated to the bankers and the railroad magnates, and that which we have to-day is that permitted by these two powers. Continuing, he said the funding bills of Mr. Wood and Mr. Garfield, to provide for the reissue of \$782,000,000 due within the coming year, upon which the national banks chartered thereafter are to be based, he looked upon as another move in the game of oppression and declared that no laws of this character should ever be enacted. The Greenback party was formed to secure the right of labor; and money, like labor, if it will not work, should not be allowed to eat. He predicted for his party a success like that which the Republican party achieved in 1860. He denounced the "honest money" theory, and said the Democratic party and Republican party have at last taken the same plan upon the money question. If this happens, the Greenback party stands arrayed against them both, and it is growing rapidly, strongly, symmetrically. Gen. Weaver referred to the courtesy and consideration which met him in his recent campaign in the South, and said the character and enthusiasm of the meeting in Alabama impressed him and those who worked with him, that they were on the eve of a great victory in that State, and he was told in every part of that State that the only obstacle to a complete triumph for the Independent or Greenback party was the danger of an unfair count after the ballots had been cast. He thought if there is a solid South next election it will be because 100,000 majority of the National Greenback party in Mississippi will not be counted; because the 40,000 majority in Alabama will not be counted; because the majority in Texas will not be counted; because the majority in Arkansas will not be counted.

Land grants to railroads were denounced by the speaker, who also declared that those who refused to take the dollar coined under the Silver bill for dues of any sort were repudiators, and expressed the opinion that the soldier should be paid the difference between the value of coin and the paper with which he was compensated. He closed with an appeal for work and the prediction of success in the near future.

Gen. Weaver will leave here to enter upon an active canvass in Maine. The audience which attended the meeting to-night was very attentive and orderly, and many of his expressions were received with great applause.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Resolutions passed by the Greenbackers of East Baton Rouge Parish, La., are published here. These resolutions invite the Greenbackers of every parish in the State to unite in forming a State Central Committee, and in putting a Weaver and Chambers electoral ticket in the field at once. These resolutions have been approved by the National Greenback Committee, and the Greenbackers of Louisiana have been authorized by the National Committee to organize a State Central Committee in New Orleans on Sept. 13, the said committee to have full authority to put an Electoral ticket in the field.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—The *Daily News* will print the following, written by Gen. Grant in answer to an invitation which General Logan extended him to preside at a Garfield and Arthur mass meeting to be held in New York:

Manitou Springs, Cal., Aug. 12.
My Dear General Logan:—I will go east the latter part of September and will gladly attend any meeting intended to further the success of the ticket headed by Garfield and Arthur. I agree with you that it will not do to be beaten now. We should never be beaten until the man who counts, or represents those who count in the enumeration to give representation in the Electoral College, can cast his vote just as he pleases and can have it counted just as he cast it.

Yours truly,
U. S. GRANT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—A dispatch from Victoria says the bark Malay, eight days from Ounakaska, brings no tidings of the Jeannette, and reports that at Ounakaska the Jeannette is given up for lost on account of the severity of last winter.

[The Jeannette is the vessel sent on an arctic expedition by James Gordon Bennett.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Over-sanguine and unwise Southern journals are already exhibiting the real spirit which animates them. In one of these journals, shown in this city to-day, a report of a Hancock and English ratification meeting bears above its flaming head lines a representation of the old rebel flag.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—The protracted rainy and clammy weather which afflicts Chicago and vicinity is reported to exist all over the west. Its effect upon the still unsecured wheat crop of the far west will be injurious, while in Illinois the corn and pastures are being benefited.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 3.—The State executive committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have is-

sued a call for the thirteenth annual convention to meet at Wilkes-barre, Sept. 23d to the 27th. Representatives from 180 associations will be in attendance.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept. 3.—At the special election yesterday for a City Recorder to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of A. J. Deitrick, Silas M. Smith, Republican, defeated Huston Hepburn, Democrat, by 571 majority. Smith is a crippled soldier.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The debt statement issued to-day shows the reduction of the public debt during the month of August to be \$12,927,167.59.

STATE FAIR.

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

Penn. Agricultural Society

WILL BE HELD IN
MAIN CENTENNIAL BUILDING,
Fairmount Park, Philadelphia,

September 6th to 18th.

ENTRIES AND COMPETITION FREE.

INTERNATIONAL SHOW

—OF—
SHEEP, WOOL & WOOL PRODUCTS

Sept. 20th to 25th, 1880.

Entry Books will close at the office, north-west cor. Tenth and Chestnut Sts., Aug. 31, 1880.

\$40,000 IN Premiums

Cash Prizes for Live Stock, \$24,315.

Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates. Liberal arrangements for Transportation.

WILLIAM S. RUSSELL, President.
ELDRIDGE MCCKEY, Cor. Sec.
D. W. SEILER, Recording Sec.

THE LITTLE PINEY

GOLD AND SILVER MINING CO.

OF COLORADO.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
No. shares of stock.....100,000
Par value.....\$10 00
Stock full paid and not assessable.

Business Offices:
No. 111 East Third St., Leadville, Colorado.
No. 206 Walnut Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFICERS.
President.....EDWIN G. FAY
Secretary and Treasurer.....A. H. MOORE
Solicitor.....F. F. BRIGHTEY
Superintendent.....F. C. FAY

A limited number of shares of stock of this company will be sold at one dollar per share. Prospectus sent by mail on application to the company's office at Philadelphia. 34-21

BELLEFONTE SCHOOL DISTRICT.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES for the school year ending on the 1st Monday in June, 1880.

RECEIPTS.
From State appropriation.....\$ 708 12
Balance on hand from last year.....442 69
From Collector.....7552 76

EXPENDITURES.
For teachers' wages.....\$2250 00
For fees of Collector.....275 00
For salary of Treasurer.....100 00
For salary of Secretary.....100 00
For debt and interest paid.....3181 00
For other expenses.....1619 47

RESOURCES.
Cash on hand.....\$ 125 10
Amount due District from all sources.....4273 90
Total resources.....\$4499 00

LIABILITIES.
Amount borrowed and unpaid, or debt of District.....\$29600 00
Total liabilities.....25200 00
Estimated value of school property.....\$35000 00

W. C. HEINLE, Secretary.
Bellefonte, June 7th, 1880. 34-31

Valuable Real Estate at Public Sale.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE Orphans' Court of Adams county, Pennsylvania, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in Harris township, on

SATURDAY, 11th day of September, 1880 at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, late of John C. Bricker, deceased, to wit: All that certain message, tenement and tract of land situated in the township of Harris, in the county of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the northeast corner of the lot owned by Mrs. Joseph Myers, thence along said land and land of Elizabeth Boal west 50 rods to a stone, thence along lands belonging to Stover's heirs north 22½ degrees, west 60 rods to elm tree, thence along land belonging to Stover's heirs north 87½ degrees, east 64 rods to a stone, thence along lands belonging to Stover's heirs south 8 degrees, east 60 rods to place of beginning, containing 20 acres and 90 perches more or less, the greater part being heavily timbered with good white oak timber, and all being land of excellent quality.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, balance in one year, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with interest.

32-41 JOHN MUSSEY, Jr., Executor.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF BENNER Township School District for the fiscal year ending June, 1880.

June 7, Balance due township.....\$ 585 40
" 7, By amt of duplicate.....1483 43
" 7, By State appropriation.....282 40

June 7, To amt of vouchers.....\$1805 19
" 7, To exonerations.....47 14
" 7, To collector's and treasurer's percentage.....409 11
" 7, To bal. due township.....409 11

\$2001 32 \$2001 32
FREDERICK BENNER, Sec.

URIAH STOVER, Treas.

FOR PAPER PATCH
For mending Tin, Brass, Copper, Lead or Iron, without soldering or welding. Any leak or hole in a pipe, boiler, or other iron or steel plate may be mended with it. Will send one sample plate by mail (with directions) that will cure any leak or hole in any of the above named metals. Address: C. J. NOVELTY CO., 108 N. 2d St., Philadelphia, Pa. Mention this paper.

UGLY JOE'S LETTER.

General Prosperity in the Valley—No "Change" Needed—Social Chit-chat.

BOALSBURG, September 1.

Did you see the ironical allusion to Ugly Joe in last week's *Watchman* for Wade Hampton, Ben Hill, W. S. Hancock & Co.? Ugly Joe did, and he felt wonderfully scared at first,—in fact so much so that he had almost concluded to drop the reporter's pen; but after mature deliberation he concluded that as he was not likely to hurt anybody he would try it again.

He at first thought that the old editor who Curtin called the "cursed old traitor" during the war was the author of the article in question, but after thinking the matter over he came to the conclusion that he being meeker than Moses was too meek a man to do it. Then he asked himself the question, Was it the associate of the "old man?" and the answer came on the swift wing of thought, No! no! no! a thousand times no, for that "gold durn fule" is too much of a fury to collect his thoughts together to write a piece requiring the thought required in that article. *He couldn't do it*, and besides he is just a pliable piece of pretty jewelry that the meek old editor winds around his finger and wears as an ornament. Who did it emanate from? Lord knows; but one thing is certain, Ugly Joe considers the source as the Irishman did when the mule bit his ear off, and will not allow the buzzing of the editor who has even tenor of his way. Get out, Meek, and take your Furey with you. Your meekness is sham and your fury a fraud!

Hurrah for Garfield and the fact that everything is moving along swimmingly in Harris and College townships, business being brisk and the farmers busy as nailers.

Just here allow me to say that the people of our community are in hearty sympathy with the temperance movement in Bellefonte. We do not have a house licensed to sell strong drink in either township. We are proud of it, and we defy the county or State to produce better country hotel accommodations than are to be found at Stover's or Wolf's of Boalsburg, Hoffer's at the College, or Gramley's of Lemont.

This puts me in mind of the fact that Dr. Yearick, our able and accomplished dentist, is at present putting up at the Lemont Hotel, and judging by the fact that he is often seen at work late in the night would say he has all the work he can do.

Both Thompson and Taylor always seem to be busy at their places of business.

Berry Kramer is always on the road with some of his livery teams.

J. E. Murray is always smiling, and the hammer is never quiet in the blacksmith shop.

The Dale Brothers are doing quite an extensive business in the factory, and I must say that Armstrong, their spinner, knows all about his business.

Old Mr. Kramer, although a very old man, still swings his hammer in his blacksmith shop at Oak Hall, and is able to work with the most of them.

D. C. Gingerich's mill is doing a good business, the Oak Hall foundry is turning out plows by the dozen, and J. G. Irvin's woollen factory is running full time.

Are times brisk? Well, I guess they are; and let it be distinctly understood that we are not desirous of a "change"—no Democratic rule in ours.

Scott Brinker in Boalsburg is doing a good business, and the same may be said of Stover, Jack, Stewart, Price, Riley and all the rest.

William Goodhart, the renter of Rev. Hamill's farm at Oak Hall, has I think finished sowing his wheat, and Ugly Joe's wish for him is that it may grow and grow and grow until it produces the best kind of a crop next harvest.

The corn in this locality is doing fine, and if the weather is favorable the farmers will go right along with their seeding as fast as they can.

Boalsburg had a sleight-of-hand entertainment on Monday evening, and on next Saturday evening G. S. Beck, (the fellow that the furies writes the Ugly Joe papers) will deliver a lecture on the subject, "Our Country," at the school house in Lemont. You know the *Watchman* says that his face is as ugly as his name, and if you are desirous of testing the veracity of that sheet, just call around and see him. Why, his wife says he is as pretty as she is, and see here, *Watchman*, don't you say—well, don't you say it, that's all.

Ugly Joe is happy; when he thinks of the certainty of Garfield's election he gets happier; but he would be happiest if he could by any means be instrumental in bringing it about that the meek man and the "war Governor" would embrace, shake hands over the

Congressional chasm that will never swallow either of them up in victory, and kiss each other's tears of disappointment away. If they will agree to do this, Ugly Joe will agree to bring and pay for the services of a band to celebrate the event—yes, a band that refused to even play for the decoration of soldiers' graves—yes, Ugly Joe will get a fastidious band like that to play nice music, delightful music, pretty music, Democratic music at a scene like this.

Have you read the records of the court of Marion county, Indiana? English will not be Vice-President—his record buries him deeper than the bottle that holds the "war Governor's" toddy.

UGLY JOE.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

SCHINER for September might almost be called an historical number of this magazine, containing, as it does, four or more contributions to history; all, however, in a readable and popular vein. "Eighteen Years Alone," the first account, in permanent form, of an Indian woman who lived alone on one of the Santa Barbara Islands from 1835 to 1853. "The Loss of the *Oncida*," a description of the collision between this vessel and the English steam-ship *Bombay*, by which the *Oncida* was lost, and one hundred and fifteen American sailors were drowned. Lieutenant T. A. Lyons, U. S. N., the author of the article,—which is the first correct and popular history of the disaster,—was in the vicinity at the time of the accident, and assisted in the official investigation of Yokohama. "Thomas Paine and the French Revolution," by Hon. E. B. Washburne, our late Minister to France, contains some interesting documents and correspondence, some of it never before printed, in relation to that remarkable man's connection with the government which first honored and then imprisoned him. "Over the Balkans with Gourko" is an account of General Gourko's campaign during the late Russo-Turkish war, from Plevna over the Balkans to Constantinople, by Lieutenant Francis V. Green, U. S. A., who was sent abroad by the United States Government as military attaché to the American Embassy at St. Petersburg, and as such accompanied the Russian army to study its maneuvers. Eugene Schuyler continues his great historical serial, "Peter the Great." Somewhat of an historical nature also in the life of "Jean Francois Millet—Peasant and Painter," by Alfred Sensier, with an introduction by R. G. W., and reproductions of his most noted works.

St. Nicholas for September is a thorough sea-side and out-of-doors number.

Miss Alcott's serial, "Jack and Jill," takes its young people through fun and mishap beside the sea, and Mr. Noah Brook's continued story, "The Fairport Nine," describes a night attack by the "White Bears" upon the camp of the "Fairports," and how two of the boys went digging for hid treasure, and two others raised what the old people thought must be an "earthquake."

There are also in this number a description of the "Girls' Swimming-Bath," with several pictures, by Miss C. A. Northam; "Chased by a Hoop-snake," one of "The Major's Big-talk stories," with a funny illustration by Miss S. A. Rankin; several comical pictures, a number of poems, a young Contributor's story ("The Bicycle Boys"), two pages of large type and pictures for very little readers, and the usual departments, "Jack-in-the-Pulpit," "Letter-Box," and "Riddle-Box."

A TOOTHLESS FEASTER.—"Dr. Tanner has had all his teeth drawn," Dr. Gunn, of New York, said, yesterday, and he will stay here till his dentist provides a new set, then he will visit his father in Litchfield, Ohio, and after that return to this city and begin his lectures. You will remember that the first complaint he uttered after the termination of the fast was that his jaws were sore. Well, the enormous eating he did and the constant use of his jaws after their long disuse made the gums sore. While he was fasting the gums shrank from the teeth, and when he began to use his jaws the motion loosened his teeth. Hence the tooth pulling and the new set of teeth. The Doctor accepted one of the invitations he had to dine on Coney Island, and after sitting down at Paul Bauer's and eating and drinking a luncheon of clam chowder, bluefish, potatoes, and drinking a bottle of Bass' ale he went over to the Manhattan and there dined eating soup, fish, tongue, bread and potatoes, and drinking another bottle of ale. His weight is up to 155 pounds. When he began to fast it was 157.

Isn't it funny? The man who has about forty-seven hairs on his face is always possessed to wear a full beard, and goes about with a countenance like a thin-settled huckleberry pasture, while the man that can beat Aaron of old clean out of sight with a full beard, shaves close twice a week, and the rest of the time his face looks like a sheet of No. 4 emery paper. They are each reaching for the impossible, and miss it by a hair.—*New Haven Register*.

Great Britain now has 1,763 newspapers, against 624 in 1854. There are 161 dailies, against 20 in 1854.

A picture recently appeared in the *London Times*—the first ever admitted to the columns of the "Thunderer."

New Advertisements.

PERFECTLY SAFE IN THE MOST INEXPERIENCED HANDS!
For Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, AND ALL THOSE NUMEROUS TROUBLES OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS SO PREVALENT AT THIS SEASON.
No Remedy known to the Medical Profession has been in use so long and with such uniformly satisfactory results as

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

It has been used with such wonderful success in all parts of the world in the treatment of these difficulties, that it has come to be considered

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS.
and such it really is when taken in time and according to the very plain directions inclosing each bottle.

In such diseases, the attack is usually sudden and frequently very acute; but with a safe remedy at hand for immediate use, there is seldom danger of the fatal result which so often follows a few days' neglect.

The inclination to wait and see if the morrow does not bring a better feeling, not infrequently occasions a vast amount of needless suffering, and sometimes costs a life. A timely dose of Pain Killer will almost invariably save both.

It has stood the test of forty years' constant use in all countries and climates, and is perfectly safe in any person's hands.

It is recommended by Physicians, Nurses in Hospitals, and persons of all classes and professions who have had opportunity for observing the wonderful results which have always followed its use.

No family can afford to be without it, and its price brings it within the reach of all. The use of one bottle will go further to convince you of its merits than columns of newspaper advertising. Try it and you will never do without it.

Price 25c. 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle. You can obtain it at any drug-store or from

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.
Established in 1848.
ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR"
Thrashing Machinery and Portable and Traction Engines.
THE STANDARD of excellence throughout the Grain-Raising World.
MATCHLESS for Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, Perfect Cleaning, Rapid and Thorough Work.
INCOMPARABLE in Quality of Material, Perfection of Fitting, Workmanship, Elegant Finish, and Beauty of Model.
MARVELOUS for the vastly superior work in all kinds of Grain, and universally known as the only successful Thrasher in Flax, Timothy, Clover, and all other crops.

PORTABLE, TRACTION, and STRAW-BURNING STEAM-ENGINES, with special features of Power, Durability, Safety, Economy, and Beauty entirely unknown in other makes. Steam-Power Outfits and Steam-Power Separators a specialty. Four sizes of Separators, from six to twelve horse power; also two styles Improved Mounted Horse Powers.

Thirty-Two Years of Prosperous and Continuous Business by this House, without change of name, location, or management, furnishes a strong guarantee for superior goods and honorable dealing.

CAUTION! The wonderful success and popularity of our Vibrating Machinery had drawn other machines to the wall; hence various makers are now attempting to hold and palm off inferior and mongrel imitations of our famous goods.

BE NOT DECEIVED by such experimental and worthless machinery. If you buy at all, get the "Original" and the "Genuine" from us.

For full particulars call on our dealers, or write to the Illustrations which we will send free of charge.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.

COOPER & CONARD, DRY GOODS PHILADELPHIA.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

In order to properly display the immense stock of goods we will have the pleasure to exhibit the coming Autumn, we have secured an additional store adjoining the three occupied by us, making four large buildings, which will be thrown into one Great Dry Goods Mart.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Before making the needed alterations in this enlargement, we will sell a large portion of our present stock by making such reductions in prices from time to time as will make it the interest of every buyer to personally see the inducements we are offering, or write us for what you may want.—Our Mail Department promptly and carefully attending to all communications addressed to us.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Many Special Bargains will be shown in every department, in addition to the full regular stock always shown by our house. We have Black and Colored Silks, Satins in Blacks and Colors, Velvets, Brocades, and many elegant materials now so much used in combining and trimming.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

In Dress Goods are the Plain and Figured Materials made by the French and English, also all the delectable American fabrics, the prices of which run from 6c. to \$1.25, most of which have been marked away down. In Silks, too, we have some rare bargains.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

42 In Linens, Cottons, and General House-Furnishing Dry Goods, including Table Linens, Towels, Sheetings, Quilts, Shirtings, etc., the assortment is very full and complete.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Gloves, Hosiery, and Small Wares receive their full share of attention, the stock being one of the most active in our stores. Ready-Made Underwear is a specialty, and is growing constantly. The second floors are devoted to the sale of Suits, Wrappers, Dusters, Jackets, Wraps, etc., for ladies. Also Girls' and Infants' Clothing, Boys' Clothing, etc.

BARAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

COOPER & CONARD, Cor. NINTH and MARKET Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

Van Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.
FOR the cure of Cutaneous Diseases of all descriptions it is without a rival. Having long been in the market and thoroughly tested by the medical faculty and the public, it is needless to enter into details upon its virtues. Price 25 cents a cake, or 3 cakes for 50 cents. For sale by druggists and country storekeepers. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, Third and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia.

BEST

business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required. We will start you, \$12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one willing to work can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. A great opportunity for making money easily and honorably. Address TRUX & Co., Augusta, Maine. 12-27-6m

\$66

a week in your own town. \$5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland Maine. 12-27-6m

Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic.

Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be. Price, 75 cents. Sold by druggists. 20-ly

J. H. MORRISON, GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

BELLEFONTE, PA.
Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Houses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Secy. 12-27-6m

BUSH HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

IS OPEN.

27-3m D. P. PETERS, Prop'r.

Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic.

Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be. Price, 75 cents. Sold by druggists. 20-ly

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Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Secy. 12-27-6m

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Haying Time is Near at Hand

And we are prepared to sell the FARMERS not only anything they want in the line of

HARDWARE,

But ESPECIALLY:

Grass and Grain SCYTHES,

THE LEADER

Self Dump Horse Hay Rake,

THE NEW AND IMPROVED

TURKEY WING GRAIN CRADLE

THE DOUBLE HARPOON HORSE HAY FORK,

HAY ROPE AND TACKLE BLOCKS, PITCHFORKS, HAND RAKES

And everything needed in the Haying and Harvest seasons.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Book Store.

THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Books,

Fancy Goods,

Photograph Albums,

Stationery

Pocketbooks,

Gold Pens,

Wall Paper,

Umbrellas,

Window Shades and Fixtures,

Toilet Sets

Fancy Chinaware

Japanese Goods,

Toys, Toys,

Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY T WNSHIP

IN THE COUNTY.

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS

11-4

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKERS

REMOVAL.

F. C. IRICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice.

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER.

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsomines will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 25-ly

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-ly.

GEORGE L. POTTER,

Furst's Building,

High street, Bellefonte

H. C. WEAVER'S

Cuban Cigar Store,

(Under First National Bank.)

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS,

STUFF AND PIPES,

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere. He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits." 12-27-6m H. C. WEAVER.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer. Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Take your wheat to Valentines' store.

—Take your butter to Valentine's store. They pay 20 cents.

—Authorities complain of too great waste of water by many of our citizens.

—Mrs. Hannah Otto, of Millheim, was stricken with paralysis a few days ago.

—Senator Wallace is traveling over the country anxiously inquiring about the price of coffee pots.

—A new gutter has been put in around the public school property by Street commissioner Shaughnessy.

—There are about seventy rafts stranded on bars in the Susquehanna river between Lock Haven and Renovo.

—Call on Harry Green, at his father's drug store, Bush House block, High street, for the best five cent cigar in town.

—The time of meeting of the Young Men's Republican Club has been changed from Saturday to Wednesday night.

—The population of Clinton county according to the census just taken, is 26,285, or a gain of 3,074 over the census of 1870.

—John Shriffler and wife, formerly of this county, but now of Plainfield, Ills., are visiting at the residence of Dr. G. W. Swartz.

—The night express Saturday evening killed a valuable cow belonging to William Kline, just this side of Linn & McCoy's iron works.

—The Democracy of the 35th district, composed of the counties of Blair and Cambria, refused to endorse Senator Wallace for re-election.

—Pennsylvania's entire militia is to be inspected by a regular army officer, detailed by the Secretary of War at the request of Governor Hoyt.

—The Orbisonia Leader office is offered for sale. Evidently the editor of that sheet has discovered that a newspaper man don't generally live on milk and honey.

—William Barber, who for a short time was connected with the Singer sewing machine agency, in this place, is now one of the publishers of a new daily paper at East Saginaw, Mich.

—Mrs. Barthust, wife of Simeon Barthust, of Curtin's iron works, died Friday morning of cancer. She was long a patient sufferer, and to her death was a welcome visitor.

—The celebrated Rochester clothing beats anything ever sold in Bellefonte. Prices as low as slop shop work. Only to be had at Loeb's. Always reliable; always the cheapest.

—On a twenty-nine acre field belonging to Hon. S. H. Yocum and M. W. Cowdrick, just below town, there was harvested and threshed 748 bushels of wheat. This we consider a pretty large yield.

—All members of the Young Men's Republican Club having uniforms in their possession are requested to return the same to the club room, so that the committee can make proper disposition of them.

—Loeb's never follow, they always lead. Lead in styles, in quality, and in low prices, and deal in everything. No misrepresentations and are always reliable. Hence 28 years of an honorable and successful business.

—Another collision of freight trains occurred on the P. & E. railroad the other day at North Point. Accidents on this road are becoming painfully frequent, and the cause should be fully investigated and a remedy applied.

—Dr. Thomas R. Hayes left yesterday for a few weeks' visit to Chicago, and will make his headquarters at the Palmer House. During his absence his practice will be placed in the hands of Drs. Hibler and Fairbank.

—Dr. Kirk left Friday morning for Philadelphia, where he expects to make his future home. His business here has been turned over to his brothers, M. A. and Thomas Kirk, both gentlemanly young men and skillful in their profession.

—That "wife of mine" insists, after careful investigation, that the boys were never so handsomely dressed before—such perfect fits, such elegant styles, such superior finish—as they were at Loeb's, with the celebrated Rochester clothing, which cost us no more than the slovenly ill shaped suits they had last year.

CENTRE BAPTIST ASSOCIATION.

Interesting Proceedings of the Session in Milesburg.

WEDNESDAY, September 1.

The semi-centennial session of the Centre Baptist Association convened in the Milesburg Baptist church this (Wednesday) morning at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the Moderator, Edward Bell, Esq., of Elizabeth Furnace, Blair county, and opened with prayer by Rev. Samuel Miles, of Clearfield county.

The committee to arrange the exercises, through its chairman, Capt. A. M. Lloyd, of Hollidaysburg, presented a programme which was read and adopted.

The devotional exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Wm. Shadrack, of Indiana, Pa., and the Doctrinal sermon was preached by Rev. Geo. G. Craft, of Huntingdon, from 1st Cor. xv. 35: "How are the dead raised, and with what body do they come," at the close of which the Association adjourned till two o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Opened with prayer by Rev. W. A. Ridge, of Unionville.

The annual letters from the different churches composing the Association were read, and on motion A. M. Lloyd, N. J. Mervine, and Hugh Mulholland were appointed a committee on new churches making application for admission.

The committee reported favorably in regard to the admission of the Lewistown and Juniata churches, and on motion they were admitted into the association, the hand of fellowship being extended in behalf of the association by Rev. D. J. R. Strayer, of Three Springs, Huntingdon county.

The following officers were elected for the coming year:

Moderator—Edward Bell, Esq., of Sabbath Rest, Blair county.

Clerk and Treasurer—James Rollins, of Hollidaysburg.

Assistant Clerk—R. McDivitt, of Huntingdon.

The following committees were appointed:

To nominate trustees—Rev. H. F. King, of Hollidaysburg, Geo. G. Craft, of Huntingdon, and C. H. Scott, of Bellwood, Blair county.

On time and place of next meeting—Rev. W. A. Ridge, S. M. McVitt, Esq., and N. J. Mervine.

To audit Treasurer's account—F. Potts Green, J. B. Boring, and W. Scott Bare.

On introductory and doctrinal sermon and circular letter—F. H. Lane, J. W. Stewart and D. Kenshey.

Obituaries—D. J. R. Strayer, W. C. Hill and D. W. Hunter.

To nominate standing committees—W. B. Leas, C. A. Hare and J. W. Evans.

To examine circular letter—J. B. Kidder, C. H. Scott and W. A. Ridge.

On motion ministering brethren from other associations and ministers from other denominations were invited to participate in discussions.

The invitation was accepted by Dr. A. K. Bell, of Lewisburg University; Dr. Wm. Shadrack, of Indiana association; G. W. Spratt, of the Education Society; Thos. Swaim, of the Home Mission Society; O. W. Spratt, of the "National Baptist;" David Williams, of the Northumberland association; John Burke and E. C. Baird, of the Pittsburgh association; W. H. Conard, of the Baptist General association, and S. M. Zeigler, of the Philadelphia Sabbath association.

The committee appointed last year on missionary work within the bounds of the association, through its chairman, Rev. H. F. King, of Hollidaysburg, made a report which was accepted and the committee continued.

Remarks on this subject were made by Revs. C. H. Scott, H. F. King, D. M. Hunter and D. Williams, and a committee appointed to take subscriptions for this object.

The business committee reported a programme of business for the evening session, which was adopted, and the meeting adjourned with prayer by Rev. J. W. Evans.

EVENING SESSION.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Edward McMinn.

Rev. H. F. King read a report on the subject of foreign missions, and in a brief address presented the aims of the Baptist foreign mission society. He was followed by Mrs. Miller, of the Foreign mission board, in a very touching and eloquent address on the importance of woman's work in the cause of foreign missions.

Rev. Conard addressed the congregation on the subject of the Bapt-

tist general association, stating its object and presenting its claims.

He was followed on the same subject by Rev. Dr. Shadrack in a brief review of the work accomplished by this agency in Pennsylvania during the last half century, and an earnest appeal for a more enlarged and liberal support.

The claims of the American Baptist home mission were presented by Rev. J. B. Kidder, together with a brief review of the work accomplished through the agency of this society in the United States. He was followed by Rev. Dr. Swaim, agent of the home mission, in a most eloquent appeal in its behalf.

Rev. H. F. King presented a report on the Penna. Baptist education society, and in a brief address urged its claims upon the prayers and contributions of the denomination throughout the State. He was followed by Rev. Dr. G. M. Spratt, agent for the society, in a most eloquent appeal in behalf of this department of Christian labor.

A report on the American Baptist publication society was read by Rev. G. G. Craft, setting forth the statistics of the society and its work during the past year, which was followed by an address in its behalf by Rev. Edward McMinn, agent.

Rev. J. D. R. Strayer read a report on the Sabbath, accompanied by some earnest suggestions with reference to a more faithful observance of the Sabbath. He was followed by Rev. S. W. Zeigler, a canal missionary, of the Philadelphia Sabbath association, a society organized forty years ago for Sabbath work.

Some remarks on the same subject were offered by Rev. C. H. Scott.

A meeting of the ladies of the association in relation to foreign mission work was announced to be held in the lecture room to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Adjourned with prayer by Rev. J. Burke.

THURSDAY MORNING.

The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. E. C. Baird.

The committee on Introductory and Doctrinal Sermon and Circular Letter for next year reported as follows:

Introductory Sermon—Rev. J. W. Evans, Philipsburg.

Doctrinal Sermon—Rev. D. J. R. Strayer, Saltito, Pa.

Circular Letter—Rev. W. P. Hillig, Centre Union, Pa.

The committee to audit the account of the treasurer reported. Report accepted.

The committee to report standing committees on benevolent objects reported as follows:

Mission Union—Rev. C. H. Scott, Bellwood, Pa.

Home Mission—Rev. W. P. Hile, Stine Creek.

Education Society—Rev. D. W. Hunter, Lewistown.

General Association—Rev. H. F. King, Hollidaysburg.

Sabbath—Rev. J. B. Kidder, Huntingdon.

Publication Society—Rev. C. A. Hare, Altoona.

Interpreters—Rev. T. J. Taylor, Unionville.

Resolved, That 1000 copies of the minutes be published under the direction of the clerk.

Rev. H. F. King of Hollidaysburg was continued as the correspondent of the National Baptist for the incoming year for the Association.

Edward Bell, Esq., of Elizabeth Furnace, Blair Co., and Samuel McVitt, of Saltito, Huntingdon county, were continued as a committee on excursion tickets for next annual Association.

The committee to appoint Association Trustees for the coming year reported. A. M. Lloyd, Hollidaysburg; K. A. Lovell, Huntingdon; Edward Bell, Elizabeth Furnace; S. E. Henry, Huntingdon; R. L. Shirk, Milesburg; Jones Rollins, Hollidaysburg, and A. L. McCartney, Altoona.

The committee on Obituaries reported. Report accepted.

Rev. Thomas Taylor made a very able report on temperance, followed by Rev. Zeigler, Canal Missionary of the Phila. Sabbath Association, at the conclusion of which the following resolution was submitted and adopted:

Resolved, That we invoke and urge on each minister of the association to preach at least one sermon each year on the evils of temperance, and on the members to use all honorable means for the prohibition of the manufacture, importation, sale and use of alcoholic beverages.

Resolutions were offered and adopted expressive of confidence and devotion for the Lewisburg University and President Hall of that institution.

The committee on time and place of next meeting reported. Unionville, Centre county, on Wednesday before the first Lord's Day in September next, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The Circular Letter was read by the

writer, Rev. C. A. Hare, and ordered for publication in the minutes.

The Historical sermon was preached by Rev. H. F. King, of Hollidaysburg, from Est. 5. 6. This was a historical sketch of the churches, ministers and laymen composing, and which have been connected with, the Association during the last fifty years, and containing a vast amount of statistical information, gained from the different sources at his command after a great amount of labor and research, and forming altogether an interesting and valuable document. This discourse occupied the remainder of the forenoon, and pending its conclusion the Association adjourned till 2 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The association reassembled and opened with prayer by Rev. E. C. Baird, after which the historical discourse was concluded.

This was followed by brief addresses, containing personal reminiscences of the past history of the association and its ministers and members during the period of its history embraced in the interval between the date of its organization and the present year, by some of the older ministers and laymen; the first by Rev. Dr. Wm. Shadrack, followed by Rev. Samuel Miles, now of New Washington, Clearfield county, Rev. J. B. Kidder, of Huntingdon, Rev. G. M. Spratt, Rev. J. W. Evans of Philipsburg, David Hare of Huntingdon, Wm. B. Leas of Philipsburg, J. W. Stewart of Bald Eagle, Samuel McVitt of Sultillo and F. H. Lane of Huntingdon. A letter was read from Rev. A. H. Lembewer of Reading, Pa.

After the usual announcements by the business committee the meeting adjourned till 7:30 p. m. Benediction by Rev. Dr. Shadrack.

The evening session was occupied by an address by Rev. J. W. Evans, in behalf of the Philipsburg and other work of the association of missionary committee, together with the jubilee sermon by Rev. D. Williams of Lewisburg, from 1st Pet. 3:21.

FRIDAY MORNING.

The association met at 8 o'clock. Devotional exercises by Rev. W. A. Ridge.

Rev. David Williams addressed the association briefly in behalf of the Buffalo Valley church.

A motion was offered and adopted providing for a committee to confer with the different churches in the association in relation to a specified time for collections in support of the different benevolent societies.

Rev. Geo. G. Craft of Huntingdon, J. B. Boring of Mill Creek, and Rev. D. W. Hunter of Lewistown, were appointed said committee.

The board of associational trustees reported their organization as follows: Chairman, A. N. Lloyd of Hollidaysburg; Secretary, K. A. Lovell of Huntingdon; Treasurer, Samuel E. Henry of Huntingdon, and recommended the taking of a collection to meet current expenses.

A resolution was offered and adopted recommending the National Baptist to the patronage of the families and individuals in the association.

Rev. D. J. R. Strayer of Sultillo, Rev. W. P. Hile of Centre Union and E. A. Green of Mill Creek, were appointed a committee to act in conjunction with the brethren of the church where the next association is to meet, in arranging the order of exercises for the meeting.

The following delegates to corresponding bodies were appointed: General Association—Revs. C. H. Scott, H. F. King, G. G. Craft, J. W. Evans, and W. P. Hile. Pittsburgh Association—A. M. Lloyd. Clearfield Association—C. H. Scott, W. Hile and B. McDivitt. University at Lewisburg—A. W. Evans. Indiana Association—A. M. Lloyd, Jones Rollins.

The following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Resolved, That we tender our hearty thanks to the members of this church and the people of this community for their generous hospitality and kindness during our stay amongst them, including the papers that have kindly furnished us with facilities for publishing daily reports of the proceedings of the association.

Resolved, That the thanks of this association are due to brother H. F. King for his labor of love in the preparation and delivery of the historical discourse, and also to our venerable brother David Williams for the production and delivery of the jubilee sermon.

A resolution was offered authorizing the clerk to solicit from the several churches a pro rata contribution toward defraying the expenses of publishing the minutes.

The remainder of the forenoon was occupied with preaching by Rev. C. H. Scott, and other devotional exercises.

Adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Opened with prayer by Rev. D. J. R. Strayer.

Minutes of the association read by the clerk.

On motion,

Resolved, That the constitution of

the association be printed with the minutes this year.

The business of the body being concluded the remainder of the session was occupied in devotional exercises, led by Rev. C. H. Scott, and consisted in singing, prayer and exhortation, participated in by a number of the ministers and lay brethren, after which the association adjourned to meet in the Baptist church at Unionville, Centre county, on Wednesday previous to the first Sabbath in September, 1881.

Valuable Iron Ore Contract Closed.

The contract of lease of part of the iron ore lands of Moses Thompson, Esq., of Lemont, in this county, was on Thursday last definitely concluded with the Edgar Thomson Steel Company, of Pittsburgh, and was changed in tenor to a sale.

Mr. Thompson sold outright to the steel company the right to mine and remove all the iron ore upon 300 acres of his land for the sum of ninety-six thousand dollars, all risks of quantity and quality with the steel company. And he sold to the same company the option to take all the ore from an additional three hundred acres for the additional sum of one hundred thousand dollars, the option to expire the first day of next July.

The lands are situated in Patton township, in this county, the ores are hematite, of good quality, and [upon thorough test by the steel company] almost entirely free from phosphorous, and hence extremely valuable for steel-making purposes.

It is reported that a gentleman present asked the proprietors of the steel company what they would pay as price on the optional contract should Hancock be elected President, to which they replied, "We would not pay fifty cents on the dollar of the price stated," to which Mr. Carnegie, the president of the company, added, "If I was not confident that Garfield would be elected I would not have signed either of the contracts."

This is "protection" practically brought home to every land owner and laborer in our county, and, indeed, in our country.

In writing the above (which appeared in the Morning News, Sept. 4,) we should have stated that the proceeds of the sale go to Mr. Thompson and to the late firm of Linn & McCoy, one half to each. For this omission, and for the statement in our notice that the sale was made by Mr. Thompson, we learn that the other gentlemen feel much aggrieved. We took the first rumor that reached us, and regret that we omitted the names of so clever a firm as Linn & McCoy as principals to the contract, although they make no complaint to us in the matter. The parties complaining are two of the executors of the estate of the late Harris Linn, and we did not refer to their prominent position in the negotiation and sale, only because we did not know of the fact.

According to the view of these last mentioned gentlemen, Mr. Thompson owned nothing of any value to convey, had nothing to do with the negotiation and was a hindrance to the sale. This being correct, Mr. Thompson, we think, fared handsomely to get one-half the money. Messrs. Linn & McCoy, we are told, have a still more valuable ore mine which they will sell when they can get their price.

Sudden Death of Charles Robinson.

With sorrow we record the sudden death of Mr. Charles Robinson, which occurred at his home in Milesburg on Monday. He had apparently been in usual health early in the day, and not until half an hour before life had expired did he complain of feeling ill. After dinner, we believe, he repaired to his place of business and began work as usual. Shortly afterward he complained of a pain in his head, and in less than thirty minutes he died in an apoplectic fit.

Mr. Robinson at the time of his death was carrying on the tin and stove business in Milesburg, and was an intelligent gentleman and a successful business man. He was about sixty years of age, and being a bachelor, lived pleasantly with an unmarried sister in a handsome and cheerful cottage which he had recently built. He was born in England, but emigrated to this country many years ago, settling in Centre county, where he has remained ever since. But recently he received a legacy from his native home, and was comfortably fixed with world's goods when the inevitable hand of Death cut him off from life and world's friends and called him to a home of eternal bliss. As stated above, Mr. Robinson was a man of unusual intelligence, and always identified himself with the Republican party. He was a constant reader of the REPUBLICAN, and a friend of the paper in strong devotion. The funeral takes place to-day.

—The Chinclelamoose House, at Snow Shoe, is crowded with guests, and Mr. Nolan's popularity is still on the increase.

—A glass set, 4 pieces, at Valentines' for 30 cents.

Bellefonte Academy—Reopening Its Session Wednesday, Sept. 8.

Mrs. E. W. Roberts succeeds Mrs. Ogden in the care of the Primary Department. Mrs. Roberts was educated at Mt. Holyoke Seminary, and has had several years' successful experience in teaching.

Mr. John Mason Duncan, so long and so well known in this community as a successful teacher and disciplinarian, succeeds Mr. Chas. Heebner in the charge of the English and Classical Department.

Mrs. W. W. Robinson will continue as Lady Principal and teacher of the young ladies' school.

The Mathematical and Business Department will be conducted by the Principal.

Thus with a full corps of capable and experienced instructors we enter upon another school year, aiming under the Divine blessing to do thorough and progressive work in the line of an elementary and higher education.

—The Russian papers contain an account of the explosion of a floating tank of kerosene, on its way from Baku, at Tzaritsin, on the Volga, and containing a thousand tons of the fluid. A workman entered the reservoir with a naked light, and it is believed that thirty persons perished. That was a sad accident, produced by the thoughtlessness of one man, but involving the lives of many as well as the party whose carelessness caused the trouble. We are always sorry to hear of such trouble. We think of the many living who suffer. The dead are at rest, but the wives and children of these men, who by this calamity, have lost a husband and father, their sole support. Perhaps the one on whom the dependent ones depended for an education, for love and sympathy, and for all the blessings that make life in such a country as Russia desirable; they call for our deepest sympathy. But Sechler & Co., grocers, in the Bush House block, High street, Bellefonte, have caused an explosion which, although not fatal to life or limb, has been destructive to high prices and the sale of adulterated goods. They sell low for cash, or short time credit. Call and see them, and be convinced that what we tell you is just so.

—James Schofield says that he is doing a rushing business, and employs more hands now than ever before, selling harness of every description at fair prices. This, however, doesn't exactly correspond with Jim's expressions when he makes a Democratic speech. The Republican administration either can't be ruining his trade so terribly or else his story about his marvelous increase of business is a hoax. Come now, Jim, speak the truth, one way or the other.

—William Coan, who for twenty years has been in the employ of the B. & S. S. railroad company, died Sunday at his residence in Beech Creek, after several days' severe suffering from dysentery. Mr. Coan was in his seventieth year, and was a regular attendant of the Catholic church, of which he was a member. He was the father of Mrs. Jacob Runkle, of this place.

—Why in the name of common sense do you waste your money by paying such enormous prices to get your clothing made, when Loeb's guarantee you just as good a fit for ten dollars less money than any merchant tailor will make you? And their guarantee means just what it says always.

—My "mother-in-law" says buy your clothing of S. & A. Loeb. I always do. Consequence is that I have never been so well fit and suited for so little money in all my life before.

—The best liniment for human flesh is Kendall's Spavin Cure. See advertisement.

—Harry Green's cigars are boss. Just try them.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Sept. 7, 1880.	
Wheat old, per bushel.....	25
" new, No. 1.....	25
" " " ".....	25
" " " ".....	25
Rye per bushel.....	20
Corn, cob.....	15
Corn, shelled.....	15
Oats new.....	15
Cloverseed.....	5 00
Flour, retail, per barrel.....	5 00
Flour, wholesale, 4 bags.....	4 75
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay, choice timothy, per ton.....	16 00
Hay, mixed, per ton.....	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton.....	10 00
Short straw per ton.....	6 00
PLASTER.	
Cayuga, ground, per ton.....	7 25
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton.....	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.	
Apples, dried, per pound.....	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded.....	10
Beans per quart.....	8
Fresh butter per pound.....	15
Chickens per pound.....	5
Cheese per pound.....	20
Country hams per pound.....	10
Hams, sugar cured.....	15
Bacon.....	7
Lard per pound.....	8
Eggs per doz.....	10
Potatoes per bushel.....	20
Dried beef.....	15
Wilson's pressed beef per pound.....	25
Canned tomatoes per can.....	15
Lemons per doz.....	15
Dried sweet corn per pound.....	8
Small Onions per quart.....	10